MGA*prime*

USER MANUAL

Producer:

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Note on electrochemical sensors

Electrochemical sensors are by their operating principle not only sensitive to the gas they are intended for, but for other gases as well.
This cross sensitivity is compensated by MRU for the typical application of flue gas analysis.
However, unusual high concentration levels of single gas components might lead to

- a reduced measurement accuracy of other gas components
- and to a temporary change of the sensitivity of sensors, which may require several hours recovery time.

Especially concentration levels as high as several % for single gas components may affect the measurement of other gas components at ppm level. Those applications need to be discussed with MRU in detail.

Table of Contents

1 Information for product and safety

1.1. Safety manual

All general information and safety precautions of MRU products are listed in the supplied separate safety manual.

Therefore, this manual must be read and observed before the first use of the instrument.

Instrument-specific safety and warning requirements in this manual are prefixed before dangerous actions.

1.2. Safety precautions

The used categories of safety precautions are here explained once more.

⚠	**⚠ DANGER** Identifies an immediate, impending hazard that, if ignored, will result in severe bodily injuries or death.
⚠	**⚠ WARNING** Identifies an immediate, impending hazard that, if ignored, may result in severe bodily injuries, material damage or death.
⚠	**⚠ CAUTION** Identifies a possibly dangerous situation that, if ignored, may result in minor injuries.
❗	***ATTENTION*** Identifies a possibly harmful situation that, if ignored, may result in damages to the device or its surroundings.
ℹ	**NOTE** Identifies user tips and other especially important information.

The explanation of safety notices:

♨	**⚠ CAUTION** **HOT – danger of burns and fire hazards from gas extraction probe.** Physical harm and property damage can be caused. ► Cool down the probe tube.

2   Introduction

- This manual enables you to understand and safely operate this MRU Analyzer **MGA***prime*.
- Please read this manual with great vigilant and get familiar with the product before using it.
- This analyser may only be operated by competent personnel and for its intended use.
- Please pay special attention to all safety directions and warnings to prevent personal injuries and damaging of the product.
- We can't be held responsible for any injuries and/or damages that occur by not following the instructions in this manual.
- Always keep the manual near you when working with the analyser, to be able to read instructions as needed. Please ensure to hand over all documents to when handing the analyser over to others.

2.1. Intended use

The Analyzer **MGA***prime* is designed for the gas analysis of flue gases, as they are emitted from gas/oil burners, engines, or heating and power appliances.
The analyser is intended to support the user in control and indicative measurements in an efficient, accurate and reliable way.
The analyser is not intended to for high oxygen concentrations above 25%.
The analyser is specifically not intended as a safety device or personal protective equipment.
The analyser should not be used as a warning device to warn people against the presence of harmful gases.
The analyser was manufactured according relevant standards and regulations.
The analyser must be used according to instructions for the intended use.

	⚠ **WARNING**
⚠	**Risk from manipulations to the measuring device**
	Operational safety hazard
	► Modifications or changes to the measuring device are not allowed.

Syntax
Please note that this manual makes use of the scientific notation of gases (NO2), while the instrument itself and its screen shots display the gases in upper case letter only, i.e. (NO2).

2.2. About us

The analyser is produced by the MRU GmbH in Neckarsulm, Germany (Founded in 1984), a medium sized company that is specialised in developing, producing and marketing high quality emission monitoring analysers.

MRU GmbH produces a wide range of instruments, from standard analysers up to tailor made industrial analysers.

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3   Description

3.1. Task

The main task of the analyser is to analyse
flue gases, as they are emitting from incinerators or engines.
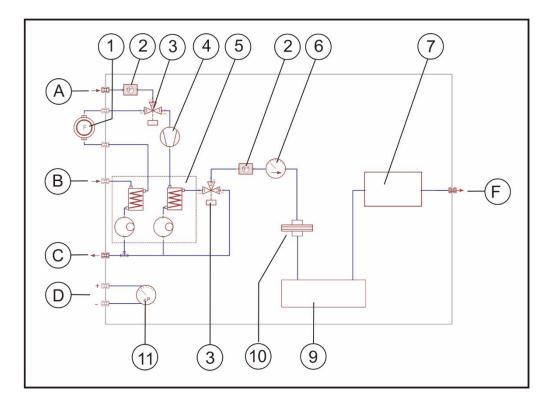
- The analyser is optimized for this purpose and includes all com-
  ponents from the gas sampling probe to data processing.
- The analyser also performs other measurement tasks such as
  pressure and temperature measurement or measurement of flow
  velocity.

For an overview on all available options please refer to the company's
home page or sales representatives.

3.2. Gas flow diagram
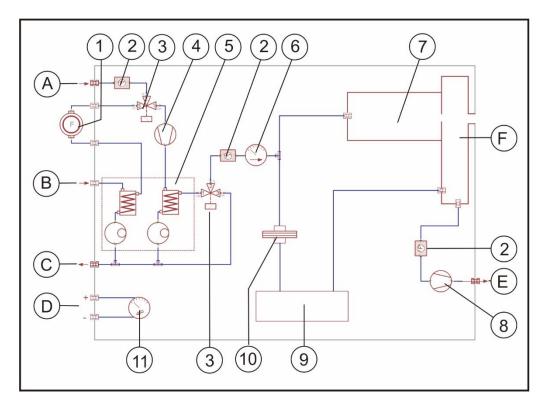
In combination with the gas sampling probe, the analyser extracts a par-
tial volume of the flue gas from the combustion channel and
analyses it for its components by means of sensors (e.g., paramagnetic
(oxygen) sensor, electrochemical (oxygen) sensor or NDIR sensors).
Draft and temperature are measured at the tip of the sampling probe.

With paramagnetic oxygen sensor

A	Fresh air inlet	B	Sample gas inlet
C	Condensate outlet	D	Diff. Pressure connector
F	Vent outlet		
1	Sample gas filter (PTFE)	2	Dust filter
3	Auto-zero solenoid valve	4	Sample gas pump
5	Double stage gas cooler	6	Sample flow sensor
7	Paramagnetic sensor	8	Not used
9	Infrared (NDIR) bank	10	Acrodisc PTFE filter
11	Diff. pressure sensor		

With electrochemical oxygen sensor
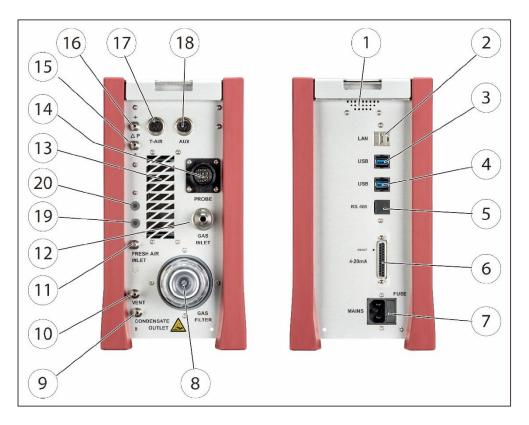
A	Fresh air inlet	B	Sample gas inlet
C	Condensate outlet	D	Diff. Pressure connector
F	Vent collection box	E	Vent outlet
1	Sample gas filter (PTFE)	2	Dust filter
3	Auto-zero solenoid valve	4	Sample gas pump
5	Double stage gas cooler	6	Sample flow sensor
7	Electrochemical O2 sensor	8	Sample gas outlet pump
9	Infrared (NDIR) bank	10	Acrodisc PTFE filter
11	Diff. pressure sensor		

3.3. The Analyser

The analyser consists of a compact and robust metal
housing with shock-absorbing rubber corners. All electrical and pneu-
matic connections are located on the both front sides of the instrument.
It is operated exclusively via the touch-sensitive touch screen.

3.4. Connectors

Front side right			
1	Loudspeaker	2	Ethernet (LAN)
3	USB socket	4	Second USB socket (option)
5	RS485 (Option)	6	Analog outputs 4 … 20 mA Analog-inputs 4 … 20 mA
7	Mains power supply		

Front side left			
8	Sample gas filter	9	Condensate outlet port Hose connection DN 4/6
10	Sample gas outlet port (VENT) Hose connection DN 4/6	11	Fresh air inlet port
12	Sample gas inlet port	13	Outlet fan of gas cooler
14	Probe connection, electrical	15	Pressure-/diff. pressure
16	Pressure-/diff. pressure (Absolute pressure)	17	Combustion air temperature
18	AUX socket	19	Connection acid injection (Option)
20	Connection acid injection (Option)		

3.5. Probes

In combination with the analyser, probes in different versions are offered.

- for fuel temperatures up to 800 °C (stainless-steel probe tube),
- for fuel temperatures up to 1.100 °C (Inconel steel probe tube),
- probe tubes in different lengths

A complete list of available probes can be found in the current price list of this analyser.

- Probe adapter set HPI for existing probe tubes (see chapter 14.6) for connecting ON-SITE existing 6- or 8-mm tubes to the probe handle
  INSTEAD of the enclosed MRU probe tube.
  But then no measurement of the flue gas temperature is possible
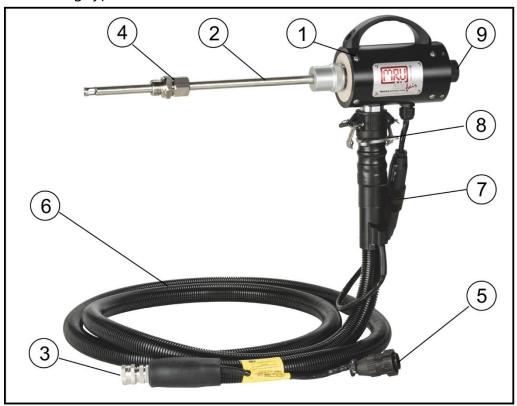
with this probe tube

3.6. Heated Gas sampling probe

For interchangeable probe tube with flue gas temperature measurement using type K-thermoelement.

1	Probe handle	2	Probe tube
3	Fast locking coupling	4	Probe cone
5	Cable plug (14-pin)	6	Heated hose line
7	Cable coupler (5-pin)	8	Fast locking coupling
9	Filter lock		

► Check the probe filter before and after every measurement.

	⚠ **WARNING**
⚠	**Danger of burns and fire hazards from Heated hose line** Injuries and burns may result. ► Roll out the heated hose line completely for each measurement.

	ATTENTION
	When measuring with coiled heated hose line, the hose line is destroyed due to strong heat development. ► Roll out the heated hose line completely for each measurement.

	NOTE
	Please note that heating hoses with 110V and 230V are offered. ► Check the voltage supply of the heating hose before commissioning. ► You can operate a 230V heating hose with 110 volts, but with limited heat capacity.

	⚠ **DANGER**
	Risk due to improper use Risk of death due to electric shock ► Do not operate a 110V heating hose with 230V.

☞ See also chapter 15.6 General Instructions for the heated hose line, Page 135.

3.7. Unheated Gas sampling probe

1	Filter lock	2	Fast locking coupling
3	Cable coupler (5-pin)	4	Cable plug (14-pin)
5	Fast locking coupling	6	Unheated hose line
7	Probe cone	8	Probe tube
9	Probe handle		

► Check the probe filter before and after every measurement.

3.8. Gas conditioning

The sucked sample gas is dried and filtered before it is fed to the sensors.
A sample gas cooler with Peltier element is used for drying.
The condensate liquid appearing in the gas cooler is pumped to the condensate outlet by means of a peristaltic pump. The condensate forms drops at the outlet of the instrument.

Optionally, connect a hose (DN 4/6) to the condensate drain.
A hose (DN 4/6, not longer than 5 m) can also be connected to the sample gas outlet for discharge.
For subsequent filtering, a round filter is used on the front of the Analyze.

3.9. Gas supply

The analyser contains a gas feed pump (diaphragm pump).
The flow through the gas feed pump is measured and regulated to the nominal value by the analyser.
If the pump capacity is not sufficient to reach the flow of the nominal value, an alarm is issued.
If the flow does not reach the nominal value despite an increase of the pump capacity, the pump is switched off after a while to protect the analyser.

3.10. Gas sensors

The analyser has three types of gas sensors:

1. The aanalyser works with an electrochemical sensor for the measurement of O_2 (oxygen). If an electrochemical sensor for measuring O_2 (oxygen) is installed, optionally H_2 (hydrogen) and H_2S (hydrogen sulphone) can be measured with electrochemical sensors.

2. The analyser works with paramagnetic sensor for the Measurement O_2 (oxygen).

3. The analyser works with a non-dispersive infrared absorption measurement.
    Depending on the installed NDIR module, it is possible to measure up to 8 gases with this measuring principle: CO (carbon monoxide), CO_2 (carbon dioxide), NO (nitrogen monoxide), NO_2 (nitrogen dioxide), N_2O (nitrous oxide), SO_2 (sulphur dioxide), CH_4 (methane) and C_3H_8 (propane).

3.11. Acid injection

The Acid Dosing Unit APE is optionally available.

⚠ CAUTION
Phosphoric acid (10 %)
Phosphoric acid (10 %) may cause burns.
► If you come into contact with acid, wash the area immediately using a lot of water.
► Note the safety data sheet for phosphoric acid (10%).

Phosphoric acid (10 %) is injected into the analyser using the Acid Dosing Unit APE

The injection of phosphoric acid (10 %) is necessary for a correct measurement.

- The injection guarantees constant conditions in the gas cooler, so that you can measure dry or humid flue gas.
- The use of phosphoric acid (10%) reduces losses of SO_2, NO_2 on the humid surfaces of the gas cooler.

Both effects increase measurement accuracy by preventing slow drift effects caused by slowly forming or saturating moisture films.

Two pumps inject 24ml of phosphoric acid (10%) per hour during the measurement.
A collecting bottle is included in the scope of delivery.

► Please note that the volume of the supplied collecting bottle is suffi-
cient for two hours of measuring operation.

    ☞ See also chapter Connecting Acid Dosing Unit APE, Page 67 to
connect the Acid Dosing Unit APE to the analyser.

NOTE

Observe the consumption of the phosphoric acid. If the
consumption of the phosphoric acid decreases, there
may be a defect in the supply of the phosphoric acid.

► If necessary, pull the plug-in couplings off the Acid
Dosing Unit APE.

► Plug the plug-in couplings back into the Acid Dosing
Unit APE.

► Repeat the process several times.

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4 Operation
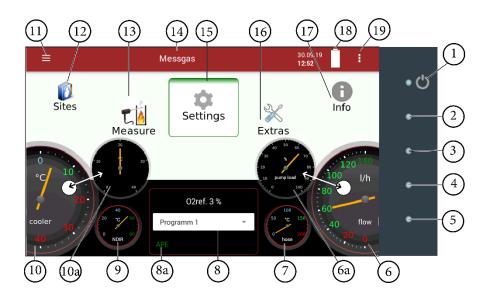
4.1. Commissioning

The analyser leaves the factory assembled and ready for use.

► Check the analyser regarding completeness and integrity.
► Connect the analyser to the mains.

⇨ The analyser switches on.
⇨ The operating system boots.
⇨ Blue LEDs for ON and power supply are switched on.
   (In the event of an error, the Power LED lights red)
⇨ The device runs through a start routine of 30 minutes.
   The start routine includes:

- self-test
- warm-up of the NDIR bench
- cool down of the double stage gas cooler, indicated by the symbol
- Zeroing, indicated by symbol.
      The remaining time until the end of zeroing is displayed.

4.2. Operating panel

All functions are controlled via the touch surface of the instrument.
Different gestures are available in the individual menus and windows.

1	Power-on and reset	2	Reserve
3	Reserve	4	LED display mains opera-tion/battery charging mode
5	Reserve	6	Current flow rate
6a	Current pump load	7	Current temperatures heated hose
8	Selected measuring pro-gram, e.g., Test or measure-ment program	8a	APE
9	Current temperatures of NDIR bench	10	Current temperatures of gas cooler 1
10a	Current temperatures of gas cooler 2	11	Access to detailed infor-mation on the instrument components. Especially for service or in-quiry
12	Menu Sites	13	Menu Measure
14	Status bar: display of zero point, alarms, executed measuring pro-gram, se-lected fuel, heat-up-, cool-down phase	15	Menu Settings
16	Menu Extras	17	Menu Info
18	Battery Charge indicator	19	Context menu with window-dependent additional func-tions

NOTE

For display reasons, the Service menu is missing from the description of the operating panel.

4.3. Charging the battery

The analyser has an integrated rechargeable battery.

► Connect the mains plug.
  ⇨ The battery will be charged as soon as it is connected to the mains.
  ⇨ The blue LED (4) lights up.
► Charge battery for more than 8h is recommended after first start to allow the battery to charge completely.

	NOTE
	Note that the analyser can only be used in battery operation to a limited extent.
	► Do not carry out any measurements in battery mode.
	► Carry out only data processing and setting work in battery operation.

4.4. Switching on the analyser

► Touch the ⏻ button (1) for 3 sec. minimum

⇨ LED lights blue

► Release the ⏻ button (1).

⇨ Analyzer runs up.

4.5. Switching off the analyser

There are two possibilities to switch off the analyser.

► Touch the Context menu (19) on the display.

⇨ A selection list appears.

► Touch „Turn unit off".

⇨ A message appears.

► Touch „YES".

⇨ The analyser shuts down.

Alternatively, you can switch off the analyser as follows:

► Touch the ⏻ button (1).

⇨ A dialog window appears.

► Touch „YES".

⇨ The analyser shuts down.

4.6. Turn Display

► Touch the Context menu (19) on the display.

⇨ A selection list appears.

► Touch Display settings.

⇨ A window appears.
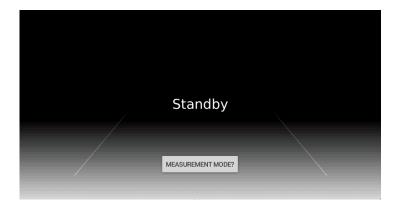
► Touch the display turns.

4.7. Set the analyser to standby mode

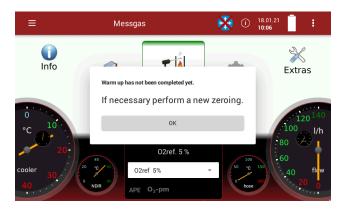The analyser is protected in standby mode. You cannot take measurements in standby mode.
The actuators, for example pumps and gas coolers, are switched off as far as possible. Note that NDIR is not switched off. After you have left the standby mode, the analyser will start up again.
The analyser will display a message that a zeroing may be useful

► Touch the Context menu (19) on the display.

⇨ A selection list appears.

► Touch Standby.

⇨ A message appears.

► Press Yes to activate standby mode.

⇨ The sensors are purged.

⇨ The analyser is set to standby mode.

► Press MEASUREMENT MODE? to restart the analyser.

⇨ A message appears.

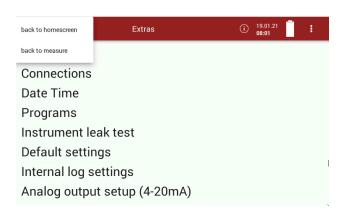► Press Yes to exit the standby mode.

⇨ A message appears.

► Press OK.

⇨ The analyser is heated up.

► If necessary, perform a new zeroing.
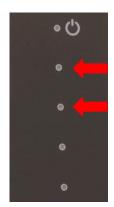
4.8. Back to homescreen / Back to measure

As soon as the back button is displayed, you have the option to go back to the homescreen or go back to the measurement, from any window.

► Press for one second

⇨ A selection list appears.

► Select if you want to go back to the homescreen or to measure.

4.9. Create screenshots

You can create screenshots and save them on a USB-Stick.

► Insert a USB-Stick into the analyser.

► Touch the button 2 and button 3 simultaneously for 3 seconds.

☞ See also chapter 4.2 Operating panel, S. 22.

⇨ A folder "Screenshots is created on the USB-Stick.

⇨ The screenshot is saved as PNG in the "Screenshots" folder.

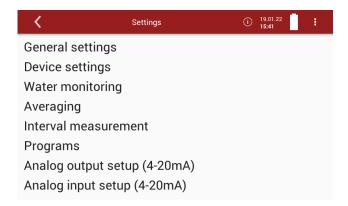# 5   Settings

After the analyser has been inspected and is ready for start-up it can be switched on and personalized settings can be entered. These settings can be changed at any time.

5.1. Open menu Settings

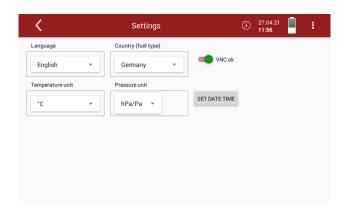► Press Settings

⇨ A list appears.

⇨ Select the desired menu item.

5.2. General settings

► Open the menu Settings.

► Press General settings.

⇨ A window appears.

In the menu General settings, you can make the following adjustments:

Setting	Range	Description
Language		Select analyser language
Country (fuel type)		By changing the country, the O₂ reference values settings are lost. The fuel list is reset. Similarly, country- specific defaults and methods of measurement are selected as a result. Ensure the correct setting of the country in which you are performingthe measurement to ensure that all relevant ones are set up
Temperature unit	°C, °F	Change of unit
Pressure unit		Change of unit
VNC		VNC Viewer for remote control
Set Date Time		☞ See also Chapter 5.3 Settings Date and Time, Page 28.
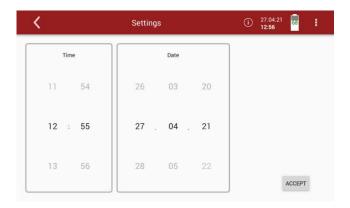
► Select the desired setting.
► Change the desired setting
► Exit the menu General settings.

⇨ The change is automatically saved.

5.3. Settings Date and Time

► Open the menu Settings.

☞ See also Chapter 5.1 Open menu Settings, Page 27.
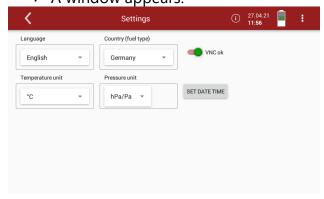
► Press General settings.

⇨ A window appears.

► Press SET DATE TIME

⇨ A window appears.

► Set the desired time and date.
► Press ACCEPT.

⇨ The set time and date are shown in the display.

NOTE
Note that the time setting is limited to +- 14 hours.

⇨ The analyser displays a corresponding message.
► Select a valid date.

5.4. Device settings

► Open the menu Settings.

☞ See also Chapter 5.1 Open menu Settings, Page 27.

► Press Device settings

⇨ A window appears.

In the menu Device settings, you can make the following adjustments

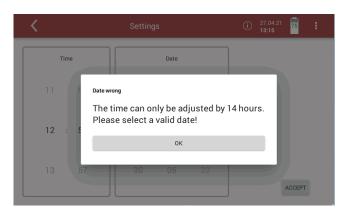| Setting	Range	Description
Combustion analysis	ON/OFF	With combustion analysis switched on, further fuel-de- pendent measured values can be displayed (e.g. lambda, dewpoint, ETA, heat losses, etc.).
NDIR Fastmode	Option	This setting must be un-lockedfirst. For an overview on all availableoptions please refer to the company's home page or salesrepre-sentatives. ☞ See also chapter 14.1Activate NDIR-Fastmode function, S. 116.
Negative gasreadings	ON/OFF	Negative gas readings causedby temperature drift of a sensor are suppressed (shown as zero) ordisplayed
Analyser start with	ON/OFF	You can set whether the analyser starts with • a new zero point. • a stored zero point ☞ See also Chapter Use last valid zero point, Page 61
Source zero point (gas)		Setting from which source zeropoint gas is to be sucked in forzero point measurement. ☞ See also Chapter

		Select Source zero point (gas), Page 62. NOTE: After switching on, the first zeroing is always via the fresh airnozzle.
λ accor. Brettschneider	ON / OFF	Calculation of the com-bustionair ratio (λ Lambda) accordingto Brettschneider
Heated hose temperature	120–180 °C 250–355 °F	
Heated probe temperature	120–180 °C 250–355 °F	
Ref. temperature		Calculation of the values for a standard state at reference temperature
Intervall auto-zero [h]		☞ See also Chapter Automatic zero point, Page 60.
Modus Slave ID		Modbus address of the instrument for the remote control via Modbus
Hold delay after purge		Time in which Analog out-puts maintain their value after zero point measurement
Aux connector		Analogue input for TC, 0-10 V,4...20mA, RS485. If your analyser has an optionalacid dosing unit APE, the ana- logue input is exclusively for the acid dosing APE unit

► Select the desired Setting.
► Change the desired Setting
► Exit the menu Dec settings.
  ⇨ The change is saved.
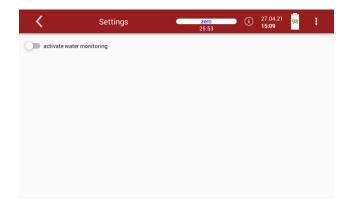
5.5. Water monitoring

The analyser measures the water concentration of the sample gas in the infrared measuring cell. A measurement of different sample gas components is particularly accurate if the water concentration in the measuring cell is as constant as possible and does not change after the zero point has been taken. Reasons for a change can be a gradual drying out of the gas cooler or subsequent components. The analyser offers with this menu item the possibility to recommend or even start a new zeroing based on the water measurement.

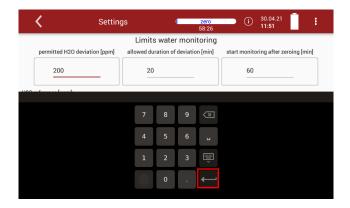|	**HINWEIS**
i	The accuracies achieved in the proficiency test are realised without this monitoring and derived zero point taking. This monitoring is only intended for higher accuracy requirements and is deactivated in the delivery state.
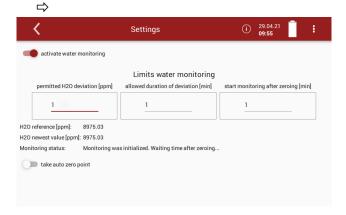
- You have the possibility to set a permitted deviation between the reference value and the current value.
- You have the possibility to set an allowed duration of the Deviation
- You have the possibility to set the time when the water monitoring should start after the zero point has been taken.

► Open the menu Settings.

☞ See also Chapter 5.1 Open menu Settings, Page 27.

► Press Water monitoring.

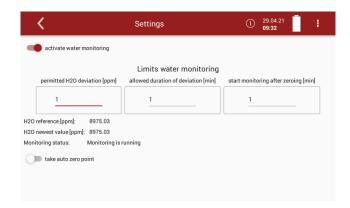⇨ A window appears.

► Activate water monitoring

⇨ A window appears.

► Set the permitted H20 deviation [ppm].

► Confirm the value with ⟵.

► Set the allowed duration of deviation [min].

► Confirm the value with ⟵.

► Set the time after the zero point has been taken, when water monitoring is to be started.

► Confirm the value with ⟵.

► Wait until zeroing is completed.

  ⇨ After zeroing, H_2O reference [ppm] value is displayed.

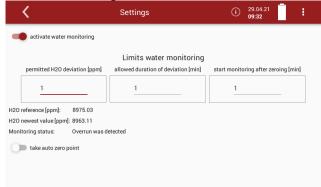 ⇨ Monitoring status shows: Monitoring was initialized. Waiting time after zeroing

  ⇨

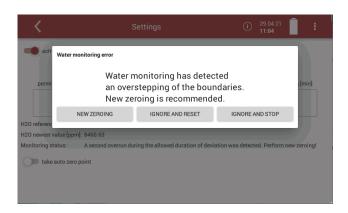 ⇨ After the set time from start monitoring after zeroing has elapsed, monitoring starts.
  Monitoring status shows: Monitoring is running

⇨ The analyser continuously displays the newest H_2O value [ppm].

⇨ As soon as the permitted H_2O deviation [ppm] is exceeded, the status changes to: Overrun was detected.
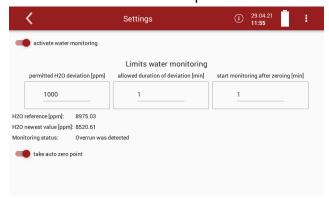
⇨ If the allowed duration of deviation [min] is exceeded, the status changes to: A second overrun during the allowed duration of deviation was detected. Perform new zeroing!

⇨ A message appears.

► You have the possibility to perform a new zeroing.

► You have the possibility to ignore the message and reset the water monitoring. The water monitoring starts again.

► You have the possibility to ignore the message and stop the water monitoring.

You can also set, that a zero point is taken automatically

► Activate take auto zero point.
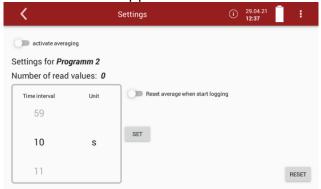
⇨ After a second overrun was detected, zeroing starts automatically.
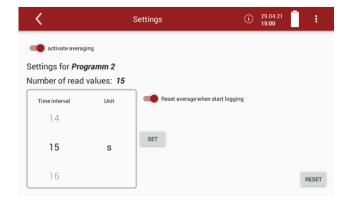
5.6. Averaging

You can set that a permanent averaging is performed.

► Open the menu Settings.

☞ See also Chapter 5.1 Open menu Settings, Page 27.

► Press Averaging.

⇨ A window appears.

► Set the desired Time unit. You can choose between
► minutes and seconds.
► Set the desired Time interval
► Press SET

⇨ The averaging starts.
⇨ The number of read values is counted up according to the set time interval.
⇨ As soon as the set time interval is reached, the number of read values remains constant.

You can set that at the start of an Auto-measurement (logging) the average values are reset.

► Activate Reset average when start logging.

> **NOTE**
>
> Note that average values are only exported for single measurements (from a certain point in time) in a CSV export. Average values can be displayed in an Auto-measurement to check a measurement for plausibility.

If averaging is activated, the average values are displayed in the measurement window.

> **NOTE**
>
> Please note that average values are displayed immediately in the measurement window, even if the set time interval has not yet been reached. The average value is then calculated from the values read so far. As soon as the set time interval has been reached, the average value is constantly recalculated by replacing the last value read with the currently read value.
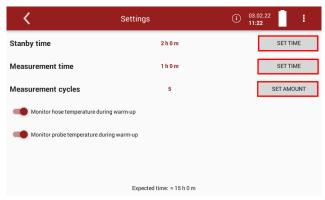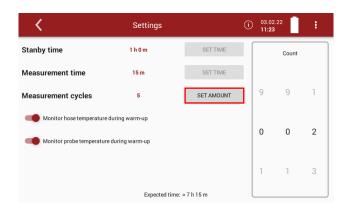
5.7. Interval measurement

You have the possibility to perform an Interval measurement.
You can set the duration of the Measurement time, the duration of the Standby time and the amount of the Measurement cycles.
The analyser will go into standby mode between intervals.

► Open the menu Settings.
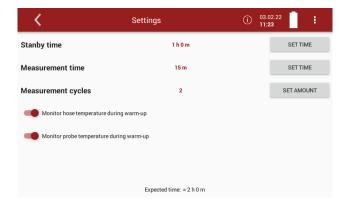
☞ See also Chapter 5.1 Open menu Settings, Page 27.

► Press Interval measurement.

⇨ A window appears.

► Press SET TIME / SET AMOUNT to set the duration of the Standby time, the duration of the Measurement time and the amount of Measurement cycles.

   ⇨ A separate input window appears for each setting.
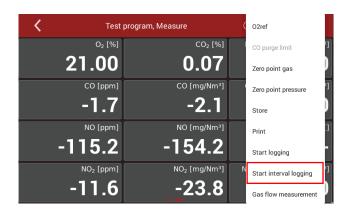
► Set the duration of the Standby time, the duration of the Measurement time and the amount of Measurement cycles.

► Press SET TIME OVER / SET AMOUNT.

   ⇨ The set time/amount is taken over.

   ⇨ The expected time is adjusted.
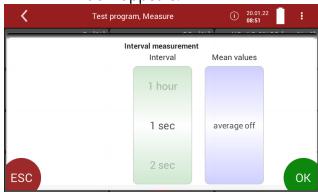
► Activate / deactivate whether the heated hose temperature should be monitored during heating.

► Activate / deactivate whether the probe temperature should be monitored during heating.

► Go to the menu Measure.

► Press the Context menu

⇨ A selection list appears.

► Press Start interval logging.

⇨ A window appears.

► Set the desired interval.
► Set whether Mean values should be calculated.
► Press OK.

⇨ The menu Please select site appears.
⇨ The following icon appears in the display 🔧
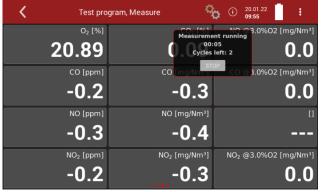
► Select the desired site.

⇨ The measuring window appears.
► Press 🔧

⇨ A window appears.
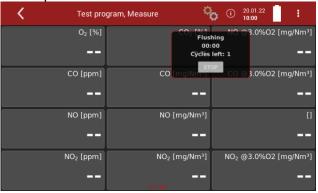
	NOTE
[i icon]	To stop displaying the window, press the [⚙ button] button again.
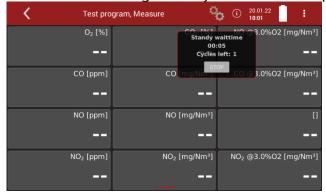
⇨ Information on the remaining time of the measurement and the remaining measurement cycles is displayed.
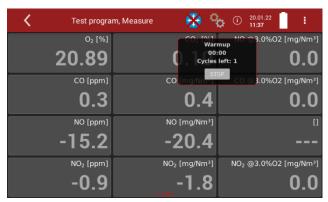
⇨ After the set measurement time has been completed, a flushing process is initiated.

⇨ After the flushing process, the analyser is put into standby mode.
⇨ The remaining standby/wait time is displayed.

⇨ After the set standby time has elapsed, a warm-up phase is initiated.

⇨ After the warm-up phase has elapsed, a zeroing is initiated
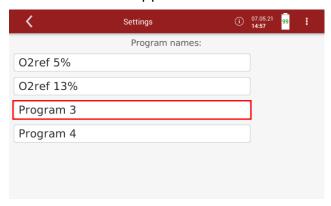
⇨ After taking the zero point, another measurement is started

⇨ The process repeats itself according to the set amount of measurement cycles.
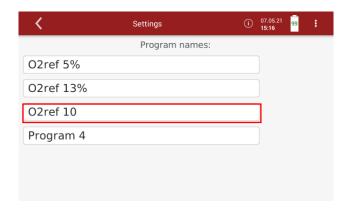
5.8. Programs

You can change the Program names.

► Open the menu Settings.
- ☞ See also Chapter 5.1 Open menu Settings, Page 27.

► Press Programs.
- ⇨ A window appears.

► Select the program you want to change the name for.
- ⇨ A keybar appears.

► Enter the desired Program name.

► Exit the menu
► Press Selected measuring program.
- ☞ See also Chapter 4.2 Operating panel, Page 22

- ⇨ The changed program name is shown in the display.
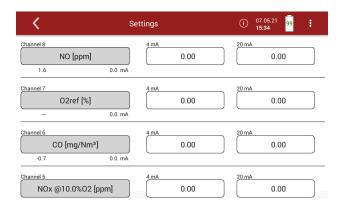
5.9. Analog output setup (4-20 mA)

There are 8 Analog outputs (4-20 mA) available.
Each Analog output (channel) is assigned a measured variable and an output range.

Setting channel

►Open the menu Settings.

☞ See also Chapter 5.1 Open menu Settings, Page 27.

►Press Analog output setup (4-20mA).

⇨ A window appears.

►Choose the desired channel.

⇨ A selection list appears.

►Choose the desired measurand.
►Press OK.

⇨ The measurand is assigned to the desired channel.

Setting lower / higher limit

	NOTE
i	Setting lower limit (4mA) This setting determines the lower end value, corresponding to 4 mA. If the measured value falls below the set value, the Analog output stops at 4 mA.

	HINWEIS
i	Setting higher limit (20mA) This setting determines the higher end value, corresponding to 20 mA. If the measured value rises above the set value, the value remains at 20 mA.
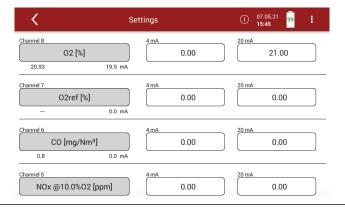
► Open the menu Settings.

☞ See also Chapter 5.1 Open menu Settings, Page 27.

► Press Analog output setup (4-20mA).

⇨ A window appears.

► Press the 4 mA or 20 mA field to set the limits for a specific channel.

⇨ A window appears.

► Enter the desired values for the lower and higher limit.

► Press OK.

► Press "Default" to set the default values for the lower and upper limits.

⇨ The lower and higher limit are assigned to the desired channel.

Setting Analog outputs during zeroing
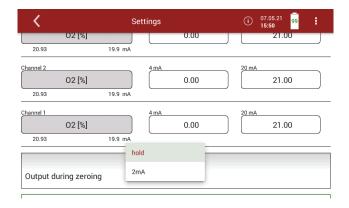
Zeroing starts automatically. The display shows „zero".

The remaining time until the Zero point measurement ends isdisplayed.
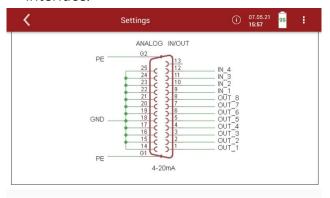
The following settings are possible:

- Hold - The outputs kept the last values from before zeroing
- 2 mA - The outputs change to 2 mA to indicate the zero point

► Open the menu Settings.

    ☞ See also Chapter 5.1 Open menu Settings, Page 27.

► Press „Analog output setup (4-20mA)".

    ⇨ A window appears.

► Scroll to "Output during zeroing"

► Press the field.

► Choose the desired option.

Pin assignment of the 4-20mA interface (Analog IN /OUT)

► Open the menu Settings.

    ☞ See also Chapter 5.1 Open menu Settings, Page 27.

► Press „Analog output setup (4-20mA)".

    ⇨ A window appears.

► Press„Analog output setup (4-20mA)".

    ⇨ A window appears.

► Scroll to graphic representation of the pin assignment of the 4-20 mA interface.
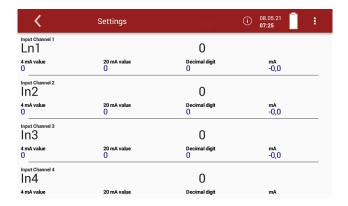
    ⇨ The setting is saved.

5.10. Analog input setup (4-20mA)

There are 4 Analog inputs (4-20 mA) available.
Each Analog input (channel) is assigned a measured variable and an output range.
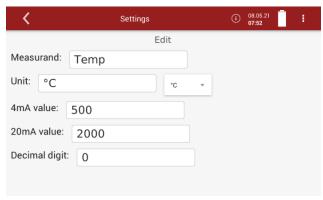
► Open the menu Settings.

    ☞ See also Chapter 5.1 Open menu Settings, Page 27.

► Press Analog input setup (4-20mA).

    ⇨ A window appears.
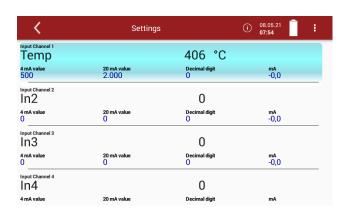
► Choose the desired channel.

    ⇨ A window appears.

► Enter the desired values.

► Go back.

⇨ The values appear in the selection list.
⇨ The incoming measurand is displayed.
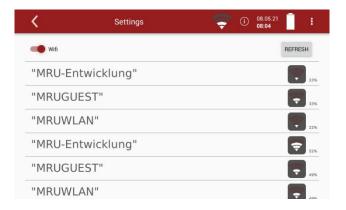
5.11. Connecting analyser with WIFI (WLAN)

► Insert a WLAN-Stick into the Analyser.
► Open the menu Settings.

☞ See also Chapter 5.1 Open menu Settings, Page 27.

► Press WIFI.

⇨ A window appears.
► Switch on the WLAN.

⇨ The available WLAN connections are displayed.
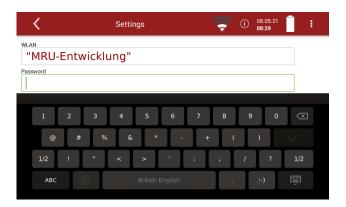
	NOTE
i	Press the button REFRESH, if no WLAN connection is displayed

► Select the desired WLAN-Connection.
⇨ A window appears.
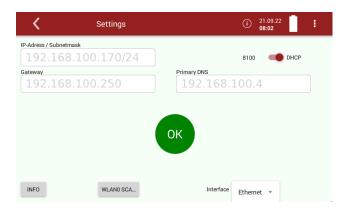
► Enter the WLAN password.
► Press „OK".
⇨ A connection to the WLAN network is established.
⇨ A WLAN symbol appears in the display.
► Touch the WLAN icon to see the WLAN IP.
► Alternatively, press the context menu button to display the WLAN IP.

► Use the displayed WLAN -IP for MRU4win (in this example 192.168.43.53).
☞ See also Chapter 15.4 Connecting analyser with MRU4win, Page 129.

5.12. Getting information about the network

► Open the menu Settings.
☞ See also Chapter 5.1 Open menu Settings, Page 27.

► Press Network.
⇨ A window appears.

►Press INFO
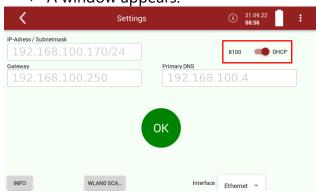
⇨ Information about the network appear.

5.13. Assigning a static IP address

You have the possibility to assign a static IP address via Ethernet or WLAN.

►Open the menu Settings.

☞ See also Chapter 5.1 Open menu Settings, Page 27.

►Press Network

⇨ A window appears.

	NOTE
ℹ️	If the switch is set to DHCP, the input fields IP address/subnet mask/gateway and Primary DNS are disabled. If the switch is set to DHCP, you cannot assign a static IP address.

► Set the switch to "Static IP is active".

⇨ The fields for „IP-Adress/Subnetmask","Gateway" and „Primary DNS" are activated.

⇨ You can assign a static IP address.

► Enter the values for "IP-Adress / Subnetmask", "Gateway and Primary DNS

► Select the desired interface.

► Press „OK".

⇨ A window appears.

► Choose the desired option.

⇨ The change takes effect after a restart

5.14. Serial connectivity (RS485/USB)

You have the option of transferring data wirelessly with MRU4Win to a PC/notebook.
Use the USB Bluetooth converter set (# art. no. 12992).
The USB-Bluetooth converter set consists of two pre-paired and configured converters.
The distance can be up to 300m depending on local conditions.

	NOTE
ℹ️	Ensure that the analyser is switched off before plugging the USB Bluetooth converters into the USB port.

► Plug a USB Bluetooth converter into the USB port of the analyser.

► Switch on the analyser.

► Plug the second USB Bluetooth converter into the switched-on PC.

⇨ The middle LED (Connect) should flash on both converters. The two converters are connected.

► Open the menu Settings.

☞ See also Chapter 5.1 Open menu Settings, Page 27.

► Select Serial connectivity (RS485/USB)

⇨ A window appears.

► Select "use USB-Port (ttyUSB4)
► Start MRU4Win
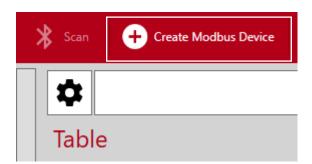
NOTE
Ensure that under "Settings/General" the setting "Activate Modbus" is checked.
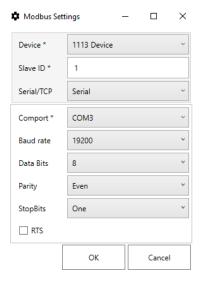
► Select Livemeasurements.

⇨ The menu Livemeasurements appears.

► Click Create Modbus Device.

⇨ The window Modbus Settings appears.

► Enter the following parameters:

- Device = 1113 Device
- Slave ID = Slave ID of the analyser. In this example the Slave ID is 1.
- Comport = The converter creates a new Comport. Please enter this Comport in MRU4Win. In this example the Comport is Com 3. You can find more information in the MS Windows Device Manager.
- Baud rate = 19200
- Data Bits = 8
- Parity = Even
- StopBits = One

► Click OK.

⇨ The Modbus Device is created.

► Click .

⇨ The connection is established.

5.15. Default settings

You can reset the analyser to factory default.

	NOTE
ℹ	Note that when the analyser is reset to factory default all individual settings are lost.

► Open the menu Settings.

☞ See also Chapter 5.1 Open menu Settings, Page 27.

► Press Default settings

⇨ A window appears.

► Press OK.

⇨ The analyser is reset to factory default

5.16. Configuration of measurement program

The Analyzer provides in the Measure menu various measurement programs, which can be selected in the main window. Each measuring program defines the properties of the measuring window:

Test program

The measured value window shows predefined values and cannot be changed. Can be used in instrument testing to obtain standardized displays, e.g. can easily be checked with test gases.

Measurement program
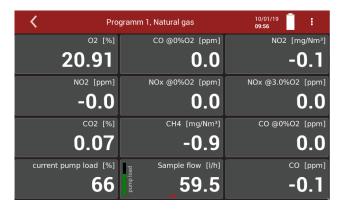
The measured value window can be freely set with regard to the displayed measured values.

Further measuring programs

The measurement window for gas analysis can be configured and adapted to your needs. The measuring window initially displays 12 measured values, by a scrolling gesture it will display more values.

Moving a value field

► Touch the menu Measure
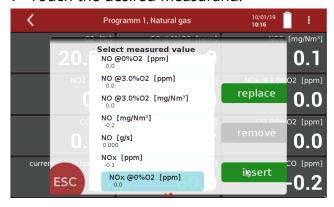
⇨ The measurement window appears.

► Touch and hold the value field.

⇨ Value field will be framed.

► Move the value field to a different position.

⇨ The other value fields move automatically.

Assign a measured value

► Touch the menu Measure

⇨ The measurement window appears.

► Double touch the value field.

⇨ A selection list appears.

► Touch the desired measurand.

⇨ You can replace the selected value field with the selected measured value.

⇨ You can insert the selected measured value in place of the selected value field. The previously selected value field moves accordingly.

► Touch „replace" or „insert".

Setting zoom

► Touch the menu Measure.

⇨ The measurement window appears.

► Swipe left on the Touchscreen.

⇨ The measured values are displayed in the zoom display.

6 Measurement

6.1. Prepare measurement

⚠ CAUTION
Acid from the condensate Acid burns may result from weakly acidic liquids from the condensate. ► If you come into contact with acid, wash the area immediately using a lot of water. ► Note the safety data sheet for phosphoric acid (10%).

⚠ DANGER
Risk due to toxic gases There is a risk of poisoning. Noxious gases are sucked in by the measuring device and released into the ambient air. ► Only use the measuring device in well ventilated spaces.

Setting up the measuring point

► Place the analyser on a stable surface.
► Unroll the heating hose completely.
► Ensure that the heating hose is not twisted in itself.

NOTE
Please note that heating hoses with 110V and 230V are offered. ► Check the voltage supply of the heating hose before commissioning. ► You can operate a 230V heating hose with 110 volts, but with limited heat capacity.

⚠ DANGER
Risk due to improper use Risk of death due to electric shock ► Do not operate a 110V heating hose with 230V.

► Ensure that all couplings and hose connectors are properly connected.

► Use a test gas humidifier for measurements (see chapter Connecting Gas moisture bottle, Page 66 or see chapter Connecting Acid Dosing

Unit APE, Page 67) to prevent the gas cooler from drying out due to dry test gas. For a short time, you can also use dry test gas (for about 15 minutes). However, only if moist ambient air has been introduced for more than one hour.

Operating temperature

The internal gas cooler operates at 4°C, which is the dew point of the sample gas to the sensors. Components along the gas line may be damaged if they are colder than 4°C and condensation appears internally. Therefore, if the analyser has been stored very cold (below 0°C), it is essential to wait for the analyser to warm up in a warm environment in order to avoid such condensation! In such cases, take a typical warm-up time for the instrument into account, especially when wet flue gases are to be measured.
If the operating temperature is not within the permissible range, a corresponding message is displayed.

☞ See also chapter 13.6 Technical data, page 114.

Power supply

The analyser can be operated with an internal battery to warm up the instrument or to use internal instrument functions. A mains connection is required for the measurement including heated gas sampling probe and heating hose.

Opening the transport bag

NOTE
Note that different transport bags are offered. A standard transport bag is offered, which is intended exclusively for the transport and not for the operation of the analyser. Optionally, an IP42 operating bag is available, which is designed for the operation of the analyser.
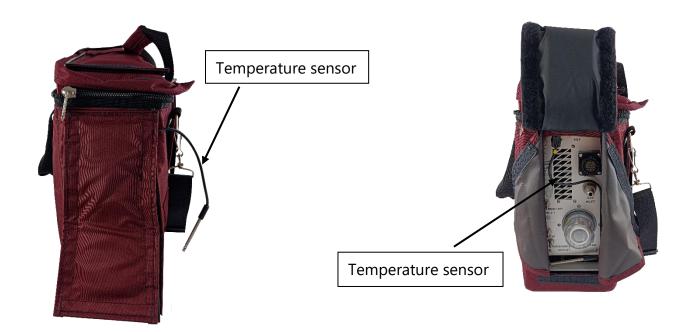
► Check the type of your transport bag.
► If you have a standard transport bag, remove the analyser from the transport bag.
► If you have an optional IP42 operating bag, proceed as follows:

► Open the IP42 operating bag to get access to the control panel (1).
► Open the IP42 operating bag transport bag to get access to the left side. (2).
► Open the ventilation flap (3).

Plug in Temperatur sensor

► Plug the temperature sensor into the T-AIR connector (17).

☞ See also chapter 3.4 Connectors, Page 14.

► Open the ventilation flap and position the temperature sensor as shwon below.

Temperature sensor

Temperature sensor

	NOTE
i	The temperature sensor can remain plugged in perma-nently – even when transporting the analyser.
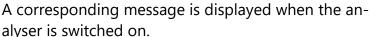
Switch-on, warm-up phase, zero point

After switching on, the instrument can always be operated, even if no gas analysis can take place during the warm-up phase. The instrument independently performs the following actions during the warm-up phase:

- Heating the probe and the heating hose
- Warm up the NDIR bench
- After the operating temperatures have been reached, the gas pump is switched on and the analyser takes the zero point with fresh air.
- After the zeroing, the analyser is ready for operation

ATTENTION
► Be sure to connect a condensate drain to the condensate outlet to avoid damage to the analyser or its surroundings. A corresponding message is displayed when the analyser is switched on.

If the ambient air is contaminated during the last two minutes of zeroing, the zero point is extended by approx. three to ten minutes. If there is no serious zero point after the zero-point extension, a message appears in the display.

In this case, check the ambient air.
If the Setting "Analyser start with – stored zero point "is activated the ambient air is not checked

☞ See also Chapter 5.4 Device settings, Page 29.

Repeated Zero point

It is possible to start a manual zero-point measurement.

► Touch the menu „Measure".
► Touch the „Context menu"(19).

 ⇨ A selection list appears.

► Press Zero point gas.
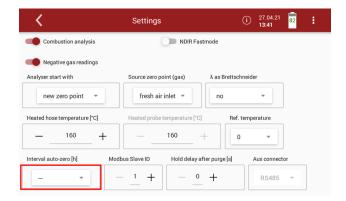► Confirm the zeroing of the gas sensors.

 ⇨ The Zero point gas starts.
 ⇨ The Zero point gas takes 8 minutes

Automatic zero point

It is possible to set zero point intervals.
The analyser automatically performs a zero point measurement within the set interval.

► Set the desired interval auto-zero [h] in the Device settings.

 ☞ See also Chapter 5.4 Device settings, Page 29.

<table>
<tr><td colspan="2" align="center">**NOTE**</td></tr>
<tr>
<td rowspan="2">

![info icon]

</td>
<td>
Please note that a manually initiated zeroing sets a new time point grid. This depends on the set interval auto-zero [h] in the menu Settings.
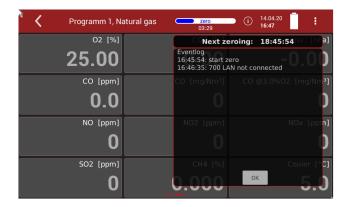</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>
Example:
You have set a zero point interval [h] of 4 h. The last automatic zeroing took place at 2 pm. The next auto-matic zeroing would be at 6 pm. At 4 pm you carry out a manually initiated zeroing. The time grid is shifted. The next automatic zeroing takes place at 8 pm.
</td>
</tr>
</table>

You can display the time of the next automatic zeroing.

► Touch   ⓘ

 ⇨ A window appears.
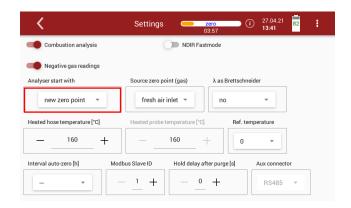
If the automatic zeroing is switched off "--- "appears in the display.

Use last valid zero point

You can set whether the analyser takes a new zero point or continues to work with the latest valid zero point.

► Set in menu Device Settings, the Setting " Analyser start with" to "stored zero point".

 ☞ See also Chapter 5.4 Device settings, Page 29.

 ⇨ No new zero point is taken after switching on.
 ⇨ The zero point bar is orange in this case.

	NOTE
	Please note that for the O2 sensor, regardless of this setting, a zero point measurement is performed after each switch-on.
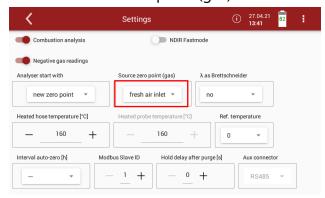
Select Source zero point (gas)

You can select whether zero-point gas is always sucked in via the fresh air inlet.
You can set whether zero-point gas is sucked in optionally via the fresh air nozzle or the probe.
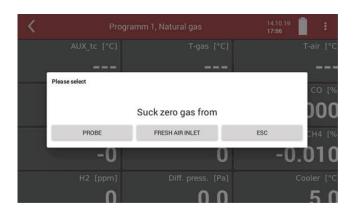
► Open the menu Settings.

☞ See also Chapter 5.1 Open menu Settings, Page 27.

► Press Device settings

⇨ A window appears.
► Press Source zero point (gas).

► Choose the desired option.

⇨ If the option "fresh air inlet" is selected, zeroing is carried out via the fresh air inlet.
⇨ If you select the option "selectable", you have to make further settings.
► Go to the menu "Measurement".
► Touch the context menu (19).

⇨ A selection list appears.
► Touch „Zero point gas".

⇨ A window appears.

► Choose the desired option.

⇨ The zero gas is sucked in either via the probe or the fresh air inlet.

	NOTE
i	After switching on, the first zero point is always taken via the fresh air inlet.

Charging state of the battery

The battery symbol in the display indicates approximately the remaining capacity of the battery.
From 2% remaining capacity, the charging indicator starts to flash red. If the instrument is not connected to the mains power supply within one minute, the analyser switches off to prevent battery discharge.
Even when the battery is discharged, the instrument can be operated completely on the power supply.

Connections to the analyser

☞ See Chapter 3.4 Connectors, Page 14.

► Connect the gas sampling probe to Sample gas inlet port (12) (gas coupling and round plug).
► Note that acidic condensate as well as phosphoric acid is discharged from the condensate outlet port (9).

	NOTE
i	► Always connect a collection container to the condensate output (9). ► Ensure that the collection container has a sufficient empty volume. ► Dispose of acidic condensate and phosphoric acid in accordance with national and, if necessary, local disposal guidelines.

► Please note that measuring gas may leak at the analyser side or at the Sample gas outlet port (10).
Connect an external pump to the Sample gas outlet port (10), if an electrochemical sensor is installed.
The pump capacity should be approx. 75 ln/h, and thus 25% above the typical sample gas flow rate of 60ln/h.
Connect a hose to the Sample gas outlet port (10), if no electrochemical sensor is installed.
If the "active VENT" option is installed, an internal gas pump feeds the sample gas completely to the Sample gas outlet port (10) and no sample gas enters the enclosure. A discharge gas hose can be connected to the Sample gas outlet port (10).

► Ensure that pollutant-free ambient air can be drawn in at the fresh air inlet (11). If necessary, connect a hose here to bring in such fresh air.

► In the case the option active vent is installed, note that the sample gas at the exit may be diluted with ambient air and is therefore not adequate to be reused in the process

The flow rate of the gas should be within 60ln/h.
Otherwise, please check probe and filter for clogging. Check also whether there is a device alarm.
Temperatures of NDIR and heating hose should be within the specified range in order to guarantee a sufficient measuring accuracy.

☞ See Chapter 13 Specificationss, Page 111.

Attach clip-on filter

If you operate the analyser without a heated hose, dirt may collect in the gas inlet.

► In this case, plug the supplied clip-on filter onto the gas inlet (12).
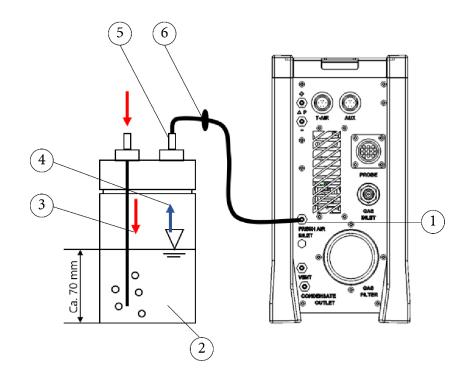

Controlling Filters

The filters (probe filter and round filter) must be checked before and after each measurement.

Connecting Gas moisture bottle

	NOTE
ℹ	Fresh air and dry test gas must always be humidified to prevent the gas cooler from drying out. To humidify the test gas you can, for example, connect a gas moisture bottle. If you are using an Acid Dosing Unit APE the humidification is replaced by the Acid Dosing Unit APE.

1	Fresh air inlet	2	Distilled Water
3	Ambient air	4	Ambient air (wet)
5	Zero gas nozzle	6	Water stop filter

► Connect the hose to the fresh air inlet (1) of the analyser.
► Connect the hose to the zero-gas nozzle (5) of the gas cylinder.

	ATTENTION
⚠	A wrongly connected hose sucks water into the analyser. ► Connect the hose to the zero gas nozzle of the Gas moisture bottle. ► Do not connect the hose to the inlet nozzle of the ambient air.

Connecting Acid Dosing Unit APE

☞ See also Chapter 3.11 Acid injection, Page 20.

⚠ CAUTION
Acid from the condensate
Acid burns may result from weakly acidic liquids from the condensate.
► If you come into contact with acid, wash the area immediately using a lot of water.
► Note the safety data sheet for phosphoric acid (10%).

NOTE
Phosphoric acid (10%) is not included in the scope of delivery.
Phosphoric acid (10 %) must be procured by the operator.
► Check the remaining contents of the acid tank before measurement.

► Connect a collection container to the condensate outlet.
► Plug the AUX-connector into the analyser.
The AUX-connection cable ensures that no phosphoric acid (10 %) is injected into the analyser when the pumps are switched off.
► Plug the couplings of the connecting hose into the connection nozzle of the Acid Dosing Unit APE (2x outlet to device).
► Plug the couplings of the connecting hose into the connection nozzle of the analyser.

NOTE
You do not have to pay attention to any special arrangement of the couplings between the Acid Dosing Unit APE and the analyser.
Make sure that the hose connectors click into place audibly.

► Plug the coupling of the connecting hose to the collecting bottle into the connection nozzle of the Acid Dosing Unit APE (Input 10 % phosphoric acid).

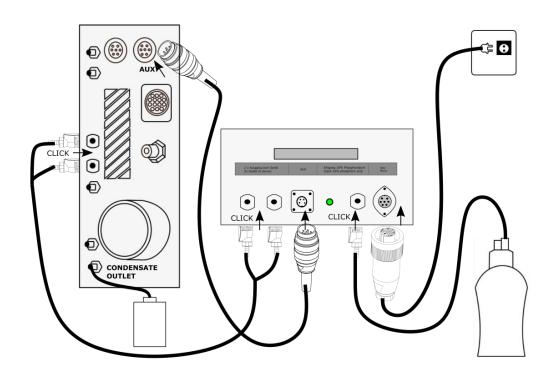|	**NOTE**
	Always connect the collecting container. Please note that the volume of the supplied collecting container is sufficient for 2 hours of measuring operation. ► Empty the collecting container after two hours of measuring operation. ► Dispose of acidic condensate and phosphoric acid in accordance with national and, if necessary, local disposal guidelines.

► Plug the cable socket of the mains cable into the Acid Dosing Unit APE (Main).
► Plug the power cord into the socket.
  ⇨ At the end of the zero-point measurement, phosphoric acid (10 %) will be injected.
  ⇨ The control lamp lights up green as soon as phosphoric acid (10 %) will be injected. The control of the Acid Dosing Unit APE begins 40 minutes after the analyser is started.

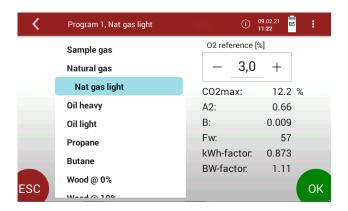|	**NOTE**
	Observe the consumption of the phosphoric acid. If the consumption of the phosphoric acid decreases, there may be a defect in the supply of the phosphoric acid. ► If necessary, pull the plug-in couplings off the Acid Dosing Unit APE. ► Plug the plug-in couplings back into the Acid Dosing Unit APE. ► Repeat the process several times.

6.2. Take a measurement

Setting O2 reference and Fuel type

► Touch the menu „Measure".

⇨ The measurement window appears.

► Touch the „Context menu"(19).

⇨ A selection list appears.
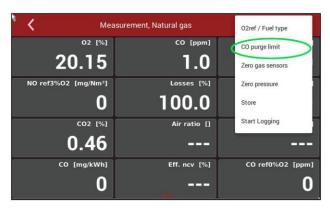
► Touch „O2ref / Fuel type".

⇨ A window appears.

► Adapt the O2 reference to your sample gas.

► Touch „OK".

⇨ The setting is saved.

Setting CO purge limit

Electrochemical sensors operate within a specified range and may be damaged due to overload. In the application of flue gas, the CO value may cover a broad range. Therefore, the instrument provides for a protection of the CO sensor including a switch-off valve and purge pump.
During this protection is active, the CO measurement is only supported by a high-range CO sensor or the NDIR bench optionally.

► Touch the menu „Measure".

   ⇨ The measurement window appears.

► Touch the context menu (19).
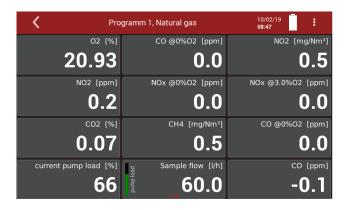
   ⇨ A selection list appears.

► Touch „CO purge limit".

   ⇨ A window appears

► Set the desired CO threshold value.

► Touch "OK".

   ⇨ The setting is saved.

The stored ppm value determines the CO shutdown threshold. If the measured value reaches this threshold, the second fresh air purge pump starts and the CO sensor is separated from the gas path by a valve. If the value falls below 20 % of the threshold value during flushing, the CO sensor is again supplied with sample gas.

Starting the measurement

► Touch the menu Measure.

   ⇨ The measurement window appears.

   ⇨ The measurement starts with the set parameters.

Storing measured values

You can assign the measured values to the corresponding site and save them.

► Touch the menu Measure.

   ⇨ The measurement window appears

► Touch the "Context menu" (19).

   ⇨ A selection list appears.

► Touch „Store".

   ⇨ A selection list appears.

► Choose the desired site.

   ⇨ The measured values are stored.

The measurement continues until you switch off the analyser.

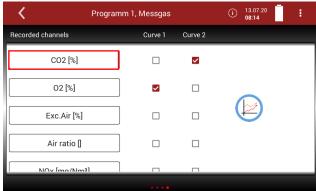   ☞ See also Chapter Recalling stored measurements, Page 80.

Selecting channels for graphic display

You can log a maximum of eight channels simultaneously.
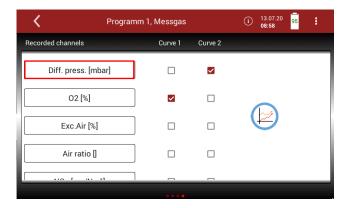
► Touch the menu

   ⇨ The measurement window appears.

► Touch the display.
► Move the window to the left.
⇨ The window with "Recorded channels" appears.

► Press a measurand that you want to replace.
⇨ A window appears.
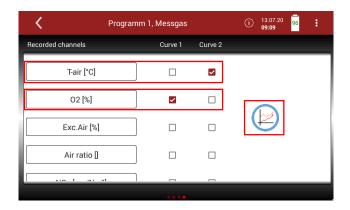

► Select the desired measurand.
► Press OK.
⇨ The measurand is replaced.

You have the possibility to display two measurands simultaneously as a curve.

► Set check marks at "Curve 1" and "Curve 2" for the measurands you want to display as a curve.
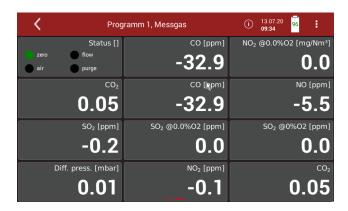

► Press the graphic symbol.
   ⇨ A diagram appears.

► If necessary, touch ⏸ to stop the graphical display.
   The measurement will be continued in the background.
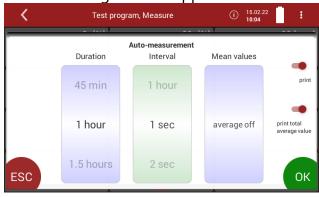► If necessary, touch ▶ to continue the graphical display.

Starting Auto-measurement

You can record the measured values for a defined period and have them displayed graphically.

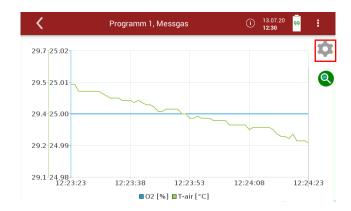► Touch the menu Measure.

⇨ The measurement window appears.

► Touch the "Context menu" (19).

⇨ A selection list appears.

► Touch „Start logging"

⇨ A setting window appears.

► Set the desired measurement duration.
► Set the desired interval.
► Specify whether a mean value is to be calculated.
► Touch „OK".

⇨ The window „Please select site" appears.

► Select the desired site.

⇨ The Auto-measurement starts automatically.
⇨ The Auto-measurement ends automatically.
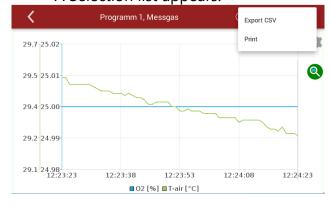⇨ A protocol of the Auto-measurement appears

► Press the graphic symbol.

⇨ A diagram appears.

► If necessary, press the gear wheel symbol to display other measurands in graphical form.

You can also export or print the data of the automatic measurement.

► Insert a USB-stick into the analyser.
► Touch the context menu.

⇨ A Selection list appears.

► Select Export CSV or Print.

⇨ The data is exported or printed

NOTE

If a zero point was taken during a Auto-measurement (manually initiated or by a set time interval), the measured values are kept constant in the display. Immediately before the end of the zeroing, the real measured values are displayed again.

Stopping Auto-measurement
The Auto-measurement can be stopped manually at any time.

► Touch the context menu (19) while the measurement is recorded.

 ⇨ A selection list appears.
► Touch „Stop logging"
 ⇨ The Auto-measurement is stopped.

7 Data memory

7.1. Organizing data memory

Base of the data memory of the analyser is a set of sites stored in the instrument. Every site exists of a unique site number and 12 freely usable text lines which can have, e.g., the address, customer name etc.
•The instrument can store up to 1.000 different sites.
•Sites can be created in the instrument and be changed.
•Measurements are stored by assigning them to a site.
•Measurements can be, on this occasion, singles flue gas
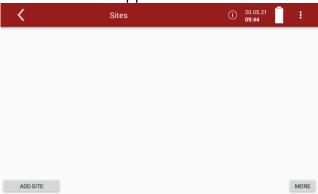 measurements or other measuring programs available in the
 instrument.

7.2. Managing sites

In the menu Site, you can add a new site, make changes on an added site, delete a site and display a list of saved sites.
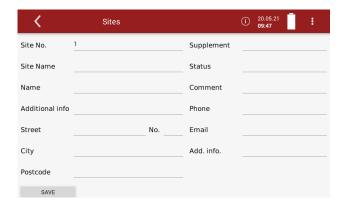
Adding a new site

► Press the menu Sites.
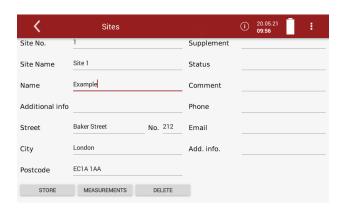⇨ A window appears.

► Press „ADD SITE".
⇨ A window appears.

► Enter the site data.
► Press SAVE.
⇨ The site is saved.

Changing site data
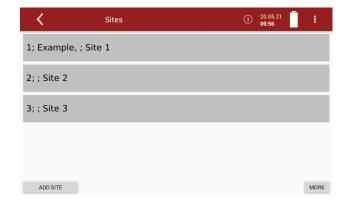
► Press the menu Sites.

⇨ A selection list appears.

► Select the desired site.

⇨ A window appears.

► Change the desired data.
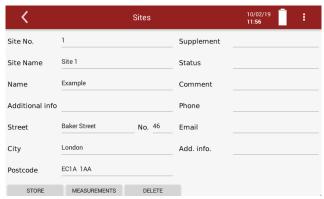► Press STORE.

⇨ The changes are stored.

Deleting sites

► Touch the menu Sites.

⇨ A selection list appears.

► Select the desired site.
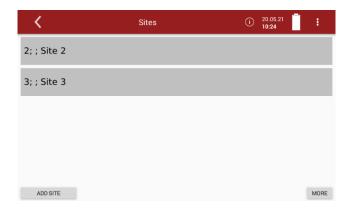
⇨ A window appears.

► Press Delete.

►
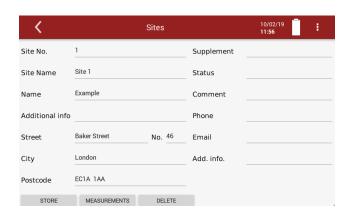
⇨ The site is deleted.

Recalling stored measurements

Stored measurement can be displayed individually for each site.

► Press the menu Sites.
⇨ A selection list appears.
► Press the desired site.
⇨ A window appears.

► Touch MEASUREMENTS.
⇨ A selection list appears.
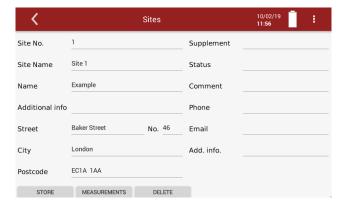
► Press the desired measurement.
⇨ The measurement window appears.

Delete stored measurements

There are two ways to delete measurements.

• You can delete measurements individually.
• You can select several measurements and delete them at the simulta-
neously.

► Press the menu sites.
⇨ A selection list appears.
► Press the desired site.
⇨ A window appears.

► Press MEASUREMENTS.
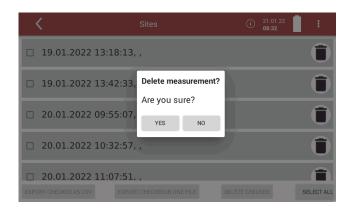
⇒ The stored measurements are displayed.

Delete single measurement

► Press .

⇒ A message appears.

► Press YES

⇒ The selected measurement is deleted.
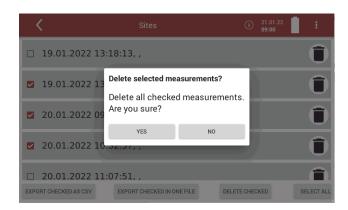
Delete several measurements

► Select the measurements you want to delete.
  ⇨ The button DELETE CHECKED becomes active.

► Press the button DELETE CHECKED.
  ⇨ A message appears.

► Press YES.
  ⇨ The selected measurements are deleted.

7.3. Data transfer via USB (CSV export)
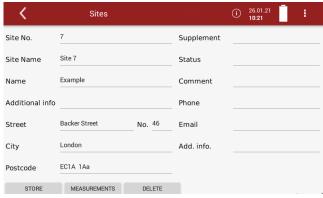
The data exchange format is CSV. A character-separated values (CSV) file is a simple text format for a database table. The analyser uses a semicolon ';' as value separator. CSV is a simple file format that is widely supported, so it is often used to move tabular data between different computer programs, for example Microsoft Excel™ or Access™, that support the format.

The following functions are available

- Export of flue gas measurements
► Insert a USB-stick into the analyser.
► Press the menu Sites.
 ⇨ A selection list appears

► Select the desired site.
 ⇨ A window appears.

► Press MEASUREMENTS
 ⇨ The stored measurements are displayed.
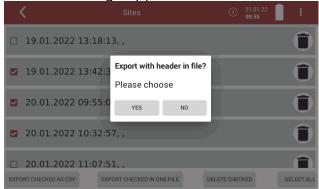
You have the option to export measurements as single files.
You have the option of exporting several measurements in one file.

► Select the desired measurements.

  ⇨ The button EXPORT CHECKED AS CSV becomes active.
  ⇨ The button EXPORT CHECKED IN ONE FILE becomes active.

► Press EXPORT CHECKED AS CSV or EXPORT CHECKED IN ONE FILE.

  ⇨ Depending on the selection, the measurements are exported individually or all selected measurements are exported in one file.
  ⇨ A message appears

► Select, if you want to export with header in file.

  ⇨ The directory 1113Export is created on the USB stick.
  ⇨ The selected measurements are stored in the 1113Exportdirectory.

► Open the CSV file.

(Do not use dat-files or internal log files)

Export with header

1	Device data:	MGAprime	063450			
2	Site data: Site 1 Example					
3	Date	Time		O2ref %	O2 %	
4	20.05.2021	10:31:01	---	10	20,92	
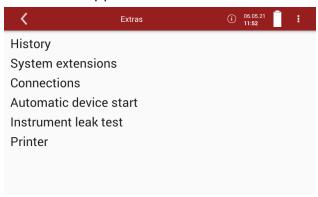
Export without header

1	Date	Time		O2ref %	O2 %
2	20.05.2021	10:31:01	---	10	20,92
3	20.05.2021	10:31:48	---	10	20,91
4	20.05.2021	10:32:21	---	10	20,93
5	20.05.2021	10:40:29	---	10	20,93

8 Extras

8.1. Open menu Extras
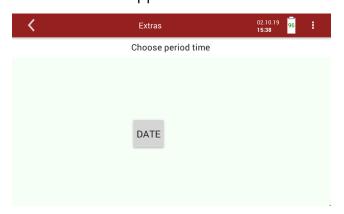
► Press Extras

⇨ A list appears

► Select the desired menu item.
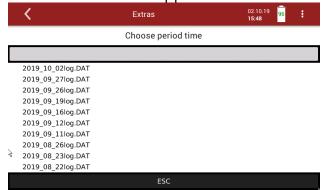
8.2. History

► Open the menu Extras.

☞ See also chapter 8.1 Open menu Extras, Page 86.

⇨ A selection list appears.

► Press „History".

⇨ A window appears.
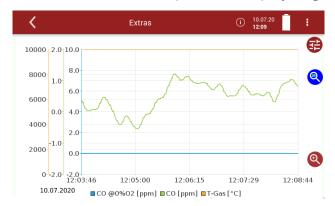
► Press „DATE".

⇨ A selection list appears.
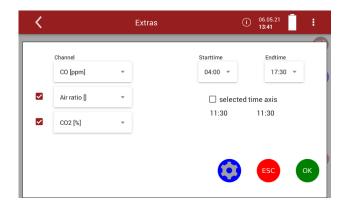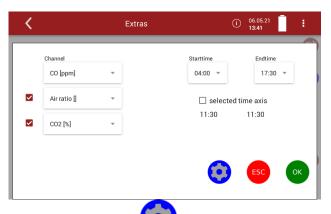
► Choose the desired period time.

⇒ The chosen time period is displayed graphically.

► If necessary, press
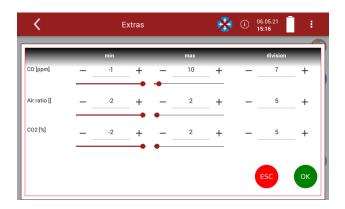
⇒ A window appears.

⇒ You have the possibility to change the displayed channels and to have them displayed graphically.

⇒ You have the possibility to change the Starttime and the Endtime. You can activate or deactivate the selected time axis.

If necessary, press

⇒ A window appears

► You can set min. and max. and the division of the selected channels.
► Press Ok, to exit the window.

8.3. System extensions

You have the possibility to expand the analyser with options.
For this you will receive an option file from the manufacturer.

► Copy the options file onto a USB stick.
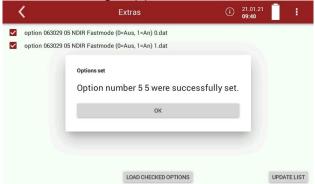
NOTE
You can also save the option files in subfolders. The analyser will search the folder structure on the USB stick up to the second hierarchy level. Save the option file in the folder structure above, if the option file is not is displayed

► Insert the prepared USB stick into the analyser
► Open the menu Extras.

   ☞ See also chapter 8.1 Open menu Extras, Page 86.

► Press System extensions

   ⇨ A window appears.
   ⇨ The options stored on the USB stick are displayed.
► Press UPDATE LIST, if no options are displayed.

► Select the desired Options.

► Press LOAD CHECKED OPTIONS.

⇨ A message appears.

► Press OK.

⇨ The option was successfully set.

► Perform a restart.

⇨ After the restart, the option is available.

8.4. Connections

You can view the connections on the display of the analyser.

► Open the menu Extras.
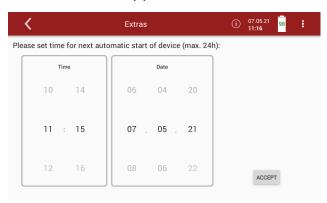
☞ See also chapter 8.1 Open menu Extras, Page 86.

► Press Connections.

⇨ The Connections of the analyser are displayed.

☞ See also chapter 3.4 Connectors, Page 14.

8.5. Automatic device start

You have the possibility that the analyser performs an automatic device start at a time determined by yourself.

► Open the menu Extras.

☞ See also chapter 8.1 Open menu Extras, Page 86.

► Press Automatic device start.

⇨ A window appears.

► Set the desired time for the automatic device start.
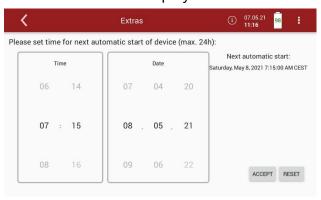
	NOTE
	NOTE
	Note that you can set an automatic device start for max. 24 hours into the future. A message is displayed if the time interval is too long.

► Press ACCEPT.

⇨ A message appears.

► Accept the message.

⇨ The time of the next automatic device start is taken over and shown in the display.

If you have activated an automatic device start, a message appears when the analyser is switched off.

► Pull the heating hose out of the analyser.
► Pull the probe out of the analyser.
► Press Yes.

⇨ The system will shut down.
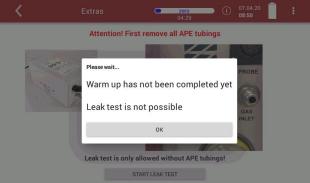
After the analyser has shut down, an LED lights up to indicate that an automatic device start has been set

8.6. Instrument leak test

The analyser device has an integrated leak test to check the tightness of the gas paths.

► Check all plug connections for correct fit.
► Check all hoses and hose connections (from the probe tip to the gas inlet of the analyser) for leaks.
► Open the menu Extras.

    ☞ See also chapter 8.1 Open menu Extras, Page 86.

► Press Instrument leak test.

    ⇨ A window appears.
    ⇨ If the analyser is still in the warm-up phase, no leak test can be performed. A corresponding message is displayed.
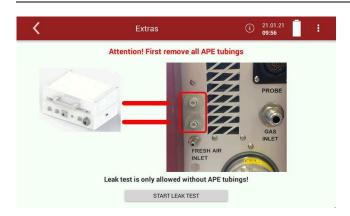
► Press OK.
► Wait until the warm-up phase is completed.

NOTE

Please note that no leak test can be performed with a connected Acid Dosing Unit APE. The Acid Dosing Unit APE is connected to the analyser via a connecting hose with two couplings

► Remove the two couplings from the analyser.

    ⇨ Leak test is now available.

► Press START LEAK TEST

⇨ A message appears.

► Confirm with YES, that the APE tubes are removed.

► Seal the gas port.

⇨ The leak test is performed

Or if the complete gas path is to be checked for leaks:

NOTE
With dirt and soot particles on the probe tube the test cap will not seal properly. ► The probe tip must be cleaned before you start this test.

► Seal off the tip of the probe a leak proof test cap.

⇨ If the system is tight, the traffic light is green and the l/h pointer is 0.

► Exit the window.

⇨ A message appears.
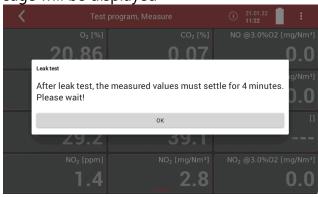
► Connect the Acid Dosing Unit APE to the analyserafter you have performed the leak test.

NOTE

Note that measured values are invalid for four minutes after the Instrument leak test.

If you open the menu Measure, a corresponding message will be displayed

8.7. Printing measurement results

In the menu Printer, you can select the type of connection between an optional printer and the analyser.

You have 2 options to connect the printer:
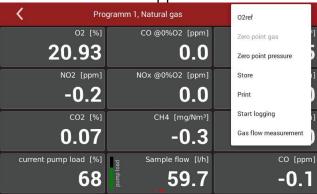
- USB - connect with USB wire
- WiFi0 - internal WiFi

► Open the menu Extras.

☞ See also chapter 8.1 Open menu Extras, Page 86.

► Press Printer.

⇨ A window appears.

► Choose the desired option.

Printing current measurement results

► Switch on the printer.

► Go to the menu Measurement.

⇨ The measurement window appears.

► Press the "Context menu" (19).

⇨ A selection list appears.

► Press Print.
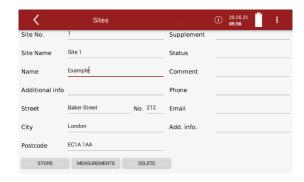
⇨ The measurement is printed out with a slight delay.

Printing stored measurement results
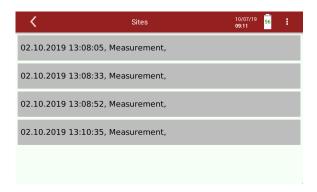
► Switch on the printer.
► Press the menu „Sites".
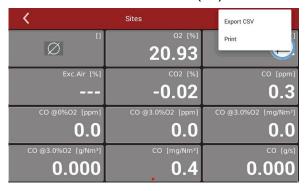
⇨ A selection list appears

► Press the desired site.

⇨ A window appears.

► Press MEASUREMENTS.

⇨ The stored measurements are displayed.

► Press the desired measurement.

⇨ The measurement window appears.

► Press the context menu (19).

⇨ A selection list appears.

► Press „Print".
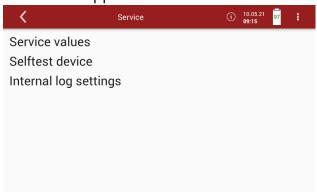
⇨ The measurement is printed out with a slight delay

9 Service

9.1. Open menu Service

► Press Service

⇨ A list appears.
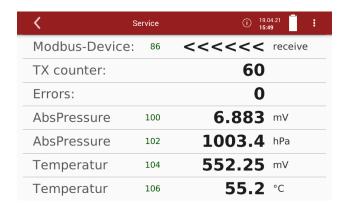
► Select the desired menu item.

9.2. Service values

This screen displays a number of internal parameters and their values.In case of unexpected behaviour of the analyser it might be helpful tocommunicate those values to our worldwide service staff:
https://www.mru.eu

► Open the menu Service.

☞ See also Chapter 9.1 Open menu Service, S.96.

► Press Service values.

⇨ Internal parameters and their values appear.
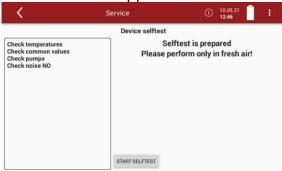
9.3. Performing Device selftest
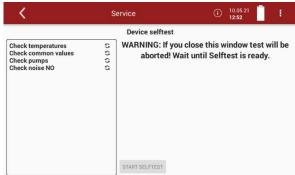
With the Device selftest you can test certain parameters of the analyser.

► Open the menu Service.

☞ See also Chapter 9.1 Open menu Service, S.96.
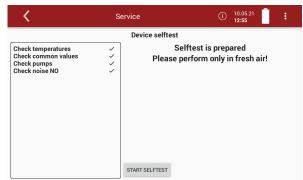
► Press Selftest device.

⇨ A window appears.
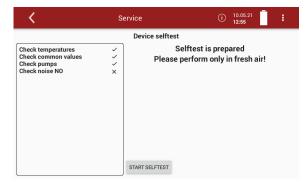
► Press START SELFTEST.

⇨ The Device Selftest starts.

⇨ As long as the Device selftest is running, ⟳ appears in the display.

⇨ The Device selftest stops automatically.

⇨ A successful Device selftest is indicated with ✓ in the display for each individual parameter.

If the Device selftest for a particular parameter was not successful ✕ is shown in the display.

In the case of an Error message, please contact our customer service or contact one of the worldwide MRU service partners via www.mru.eu
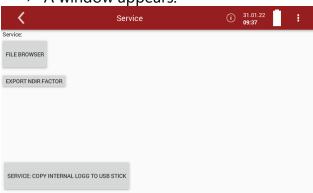
9.4. Internal log settings

The analyser stores internal parameters at regular intervals to allow for an optimized support from experienced service staff. These files can be copied to a connected USB stick and sent via email if required to do so. The data will be anonymized. It is not possible to identify sites or measuring points.
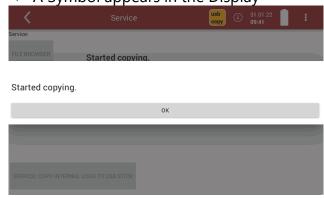
Copying all log data

► Insert a USB-stick into the analyser.
► Open the menu Service.

☞ See also chapter 9.1 Open menu Service, S.96.

► Press Internal log settings.

⇒ A window appears.

► Press „SERVICE:COPY INTERNAL LOGG TO USB STICK".

⇒ A window appears.
⇒ The copy process is started.
⇒ A Symbol appears in the Display

► Press OK.

⇒ The directory [serial number] Logg was created on the USB-Stick.
⇒ The log files are saved in the directory [serial number].

⇨ After copying, the display shows "File(s) successfully copied".

► Touch OK.
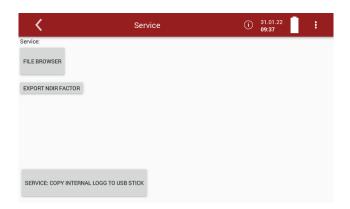
	NOTE
ℹ️	If the analyser is operated for a long time, the copying process can take a long time.
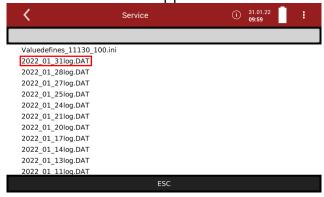
Copying single log data

► Insert a USB-stick into the analyser.

► Open the menu Service.

☞ See also chapter 9.1 Open menu Service, S.96.

► Press Internal log settings.

⇨ A window appears.

► Press FILE BROWSER

⇨ A selection list appears.
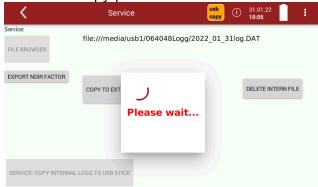
► Press the desired log file.

⇨ A window appears.

⇨ The desired log file appears in the window.
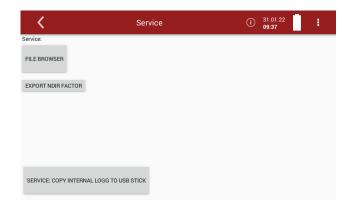
► Press COPY TO EXTERN USB-STICK.

⇨ A window appears.
⇨ The copy process is started.

⇨ The directory [serial number] Logg was created on the USB-Stick.
⇨ The log files are saved in the directory [serial number].
⇨ After copying, the display shows "File(s) successfully copied".

► Press „OK
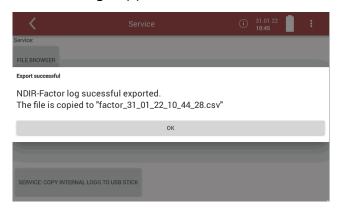
Export NDIR - Factors

► Insert a USB-stick into the analyser.
► Open the menu Service.

☞ See also chapter 9.1 Open menu Service, S.96.

► Press Internal log settings.

⇨ A window appears.

► Press EXPORT NDIR FACTOR.

    ⇨ The NDIR factors are exported.

    ⇨ On the USB stick, the folder NdirFactors is created.

    ⇨ The NDIR factors are stored in the folder NdirFactors.

    ⇨ A message appears.
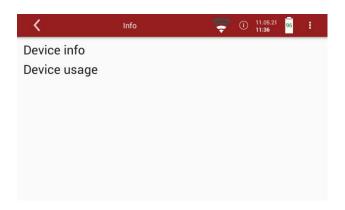
► Press OK.

10 Info

10.1. Open menu Info

► Press Info

⇨ A window appears.
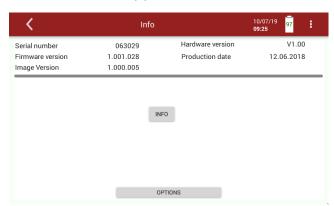
► Select the desired menu item.

10.2. Calling up device info

In the menu Device info, you can, for example, display the serial number, the firmware version and version information for installed modulesand installed options.

► Open the menu Service.
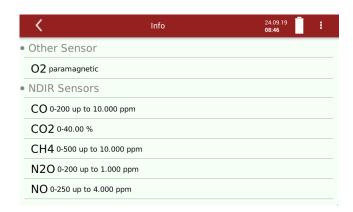
☞ See also chapter 9.1 Open menu Service, S.96.

► Press Device info.

⇨ A window appears.

► Press INFO

⇨ A window appears.

⇨ Version information for specific modules is displayed
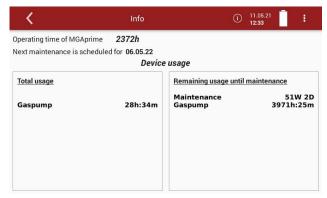
► Exit the window.
► Press OPTIONS.
  ⇨ A window appears.

10.3. Device usage

You have the possibility of displaying the operating time of the analyser, the total usage of certain analyser components and the remaining usage time until the next maintenance.

► Open the menu Service.
  ☞ See also chapter 9.1 Open menu Service, S.96.

► Press Device usage.
  ⇨ A window appears.

If a device component has exceeded the prescribed service life, the analyser should be maintained immediately at a service centre.

11 Maintenance and cleaning

11.1. Cleaning and maintenance

The analyser needs only low maintenance effort for long value preservation:

⚠ CAUTION
Acid from the condensate
Acid burns may result from weakly acidic liquids from the condensate.
► If you come into contact with acid, wash the area immediately using a lot of water.
► Note the safety data sheet for phosphoric acid (10%).

NOTE
Please note that correct operation of the analyser is only ensured if the sensors are adjusted regularly.
► Depending on the intensity of use, the sensors have to be adjusted / calibrated 1-2 times a year.

After every measurement:
► Remove the gas sampling tube from the analyser, so that the hose can dry.
► Check the filter in the probe head. Replace the filter if necessary.

Occasionally:
► Clean the probe and the probe hose.
► If the analyser was not used for a longer period of time, charge the battery first.
► Charge the battery approximately every 4 weeks.
► Check the round filter at the front of the instrument. Replace the filter if necessary.

11.2. Service check

An annual service check and if necessary, adjustment of the sensors at an MRU service department (www.mru.eu) are recommended for the preservation of value.

12   Simple service work

12.1. Information of the analyser components

Information about analyser components is helpful in case of service or inquiries.

► Touch ☰ .

⇨ A selection list appears.

AKM Device-Info

GKM Device-Info

ESM O2 Device-Info

NDIR 1096

Software update

Pincodes (Adjustment)

► Choose the desired component of the analyser.

⇨ The information about the component of the analyser is displayed.

12.2. Updating the firmware

If necessary, you will receive a new released data package from the manufacturer for updating the firmware and the individual modules. The data package consists of a ZIP data package. The data package has the ending .mru.

Update main firmware
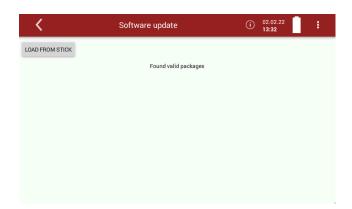
► Copy the data package to a USB stick.

	NOTE
ℹ	You can also save the data package in subfolders. The analyser will search the folder structure on the USB stick up to the second hierarchy level. Save the data package in the folder structure above, if the option file is not is displayed

► Connect the analyser to the power supply.
► Switch on the analyser.
► Insert the prepared USB-stick into a USB socket of the analyser.
► Press ☰

⇨ A selection list appears.
► Press Software update.

⇨ A window appears.
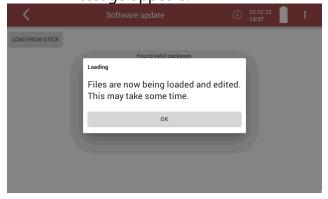
	NOTE
ℹ	Please note that you must first update the main firmware. After the restart you can update the modules.

► Press LOAD FROM STICK.

⇨ A message appears.
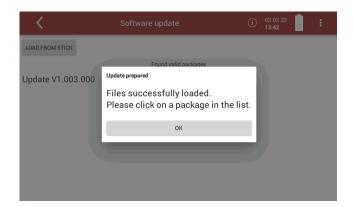
► Press OK

⇨ A window appears.

► Wait until the loading process is completed.

⇨ After the loading process is completed, a message appears.

► Press OK.

⇨ The valid data packages found are displayed.

NOTE
If no data package is displayed, save the received data package again on a USB stick. If the data package is not displayed again, contact customer service or one of the MRU service partners worldwide.
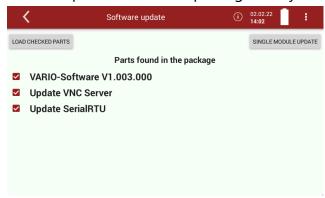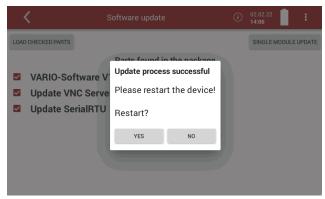
► Select the desired data package.

⇨ A window appears.

► Select parts of the data package that you want to update.

► Press LOAD CHECKED PARTS

⇨ A message appears.

⇨ To conclude the update process, the analyser must be restarted.

► Press YES.

⇨ The analyser performs a restart.

⇨ You can now update the software of single modules.
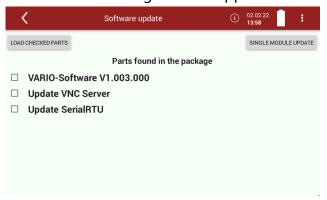
Update firmware of single modules

	NOTE
ℹ️	Note that you must first update the main firmware. After restarting, you can update the firmware of single modules.

► Go to the window Software update.

    ☞ See also chapter Update main firmware, Page 106.

► Perform the steps as described in the chapter Update main firmware until the following window appears.

► Press SINGLE MODULE UPDATE.

    ⇨ A window appears.

► Select the desired module that you want to update.
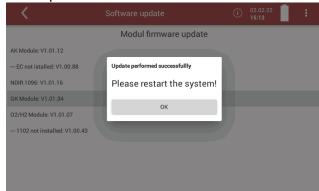
    ⇨ A message appears.

► Press YES.

⇨ The update is started.

Modul firmware update

Update started

"5632 Bytes / 61898 Bytes. Writing... 56266"

⇨ After the update has been performed successfully, a message ap-
pears.

Software update   02.02.22
                                    15:13

Modul firmware update

AK Module: V1.01.12

— EC not istalled: V1.00.88   Update performed successfullly

NDIR 1096: V1.01.16   Please restart the system!

GK Module: V1.01.34

O2/H2 Module: V1.01.07   OK

— 1102 not installed: V1.00.43

► Press OK.
► Please restart the system.

13   Specifications

The technical data listed here may differ depending on the analyser configuration.

• means: included in the standard scope of each analyser
O means: optional possible, availability depends on device configuration

13.1. Specifications of NDIR technology

T90 / s 160						
Gas	Comment	Measuring Range 0 - min ... max.	Resolution	Repeatability	8h-Drift	Linearity
NO		0 - 200...4.000 ppm	0,1 ppm	2 ppm / 1% rdg.	2 ppm / 1% rdg.	1% m.r.
NO_2	without APE	0 - 300 ...1.000 ppm	0,1 ppm	5 ppm / 1% rdg.	5 ppm / 1% rdg.	1 % m.r.
	with APE	0 – 150 ...1.000 ppm	0,1 ppm	1 ppm / 1% rdg.	2 ppm / 1% rdg.	1% m.r.
SO_2	without APE	0 - 300...4.000 ppm	0,1 ppm	5 ppm / 1% rdg.	5 ppm / 1% rdg.	1% m.r.
	with APE	0 - 150...4.000 ppm	0,1 ppm	2 ppm / 1% rdg.	2 ppm / 1% rdg.	1% m.r.
CO_2		0 - 40 Vol.%	0,01 Vol.%	0,2 Vol% / 1% rdg.	0,2 Vol% / 1% rdg.	1% m.r.
CO		0 - 175...10.000 ppm	0,1 ppm	2 ppm / 1% rdg.	2 ppm/ 1% rdg.	1% m.r.
N_2O		0 - 100...500 ppm	0,1 ppm	2 ppm/ 1% rdg	2 ppm/ 1% rdg.	1% m.r.
CH_4		0 - 500...10.000 ppm	0,1 ppm	10 ppm/ 1% rdg	2 ppm/ 1% rdg.	1% m.r.
C_3H_8		0 - 200...5.000 ppm	0,1 ppm	2 ppm / 1% rdg.	2 ppm/ 1% rdg.	1% m.r.

13.2. Sensors for Oxygen, Temperatures and Pressure

Electrochemical Sensor	O$_2$ Long Life
Measuring Range	0 - 25 Vol.%
Resolution	0,01 Vol.%
Abs. Accuracy	± 0,25 Vol.%
Response Time T90	< 40s
Years expected lifetime at air	5 Years
Paramagnetic Sensor	**O$_2$**
Measuring Range	25 Vol.%
Resolution	0,01 Vol.%
Accuracy	0,1 Vol.%
Response Time T90	< 40s
Electrochemical Sensor	**H$_2$**
Nom. Measuring Range	0..1000ppm
Overload Range	< 2000ppm
Resolution	1 ppm
Accuracy abs. / reading	± 5 ppm 5% (0.. 500 ppm) 10 % (>500 ppm)
Response Time T90	< 100s
Years expected lifetime (@air)	2
Electrochemical Sensor	**H$_2$ High**
Nom. Measuring Range	0..10000 ppm
Overload Range	<20000 ppm
Resolution	10 ppm
Accuracy abs. / reading	± 200 ppm
	5 % (0...10000 ppm)
	10 % (> 10000 ppm)
Response time T90	< 120 s
Years expected lifetime (@air)	2
Flue gas temperature	**T$_A$**
Measuring Range with high grade steel probe pipe	0 - 800° C
Measuring Range with Inconel probe pipe Short time only (up to 20 mins)	0 - 1100° C 0 - 1350° C
Accuracy abs. / reading	±2° C / 1%
To be connected to base unit	
Air temperature	**T$_I$**
Measuring Range	0 - 100°C
Accuracy	1 °C
Differential Pressure	
Measuring Range	± 120 hPa
Accuracy abs. / reading	0,02 hPa / 1 %

Barometric Pressure	**P_{abs}**
Measuring Range	300 - 1200 hPa
Accuracy	± 3 hPa

13.3. Gas sampling and conditioning

Max suction range gas pump	350 hPa
gas flow	60 l/h
Double Stage Gas cooler	•
Temperature Peltier cooler (during grid and battery operation)	4 °C
Batt operating hours with gas cooler (LiIon Battery)	2h
Batt operating hours with gas cooler (NiMH Battery)	30 min
Condensate removal from gas cooler	•
Humidity supervision and alarm	•
Internal gas flow measurement	•

Gas outlet (Vent port)	•
passiv	3 mm
active (req for long VENT lines or pressurized Vent)	Optional

13.4. Calculated values and accessories

Measurement values available as	mg/Nm^3, O$_2$ Ref, mg/kWh NOX: mg/Nm^3 NO$_2$
Velocity _based on differential pressure measurement with Pitot tube_	**v**
typical measuring range	3 m/s - 100 m/s
accuracy at 3m/s.	1 m/s
accuracy > 12 m/s (reading)	± 1%
resolution	0,1 m/s
absolute pressure measurement	•

13.5. Data communication

USB interface master only (for connection to USB stick or accessories)	O
Support of external SD card reader	O
Ethernet RJ45	O
WLAN	O
Bluetooth	O
RS485 (AUX socket, for connection of external sensor modules)	O
RS485 (isolated, for connection to PC)	O
Analog I/O: 4x input, 8x output, 4... 20 mA	O

13.6. Technical data

Operating temperature	+5°C - +45 °C
Rel. Humidity, non-condensing	90 %
Storage Temperature	-20 °C - +50 °C
internal Battery Pack, capacity, operating hours w/o gas cooler and heated sample line	Li-Ion, 96 Wh
optional capacity of battery pack (NiMH Battery)	26Wh
Charge time (Li-Ion 96 Wh)	3h = 90%; 5h = 100%
Display	7" Touch, 750 cd/m2, 800*480 px
Power supply (w/o heated sample line)	86 - 265 Vac / 47 - 63 Hz / 105 W
Power consumption (with 5m heated sample line)	300 W typical (600 W max.)
Weight unit w/ NDIR bench	10 kg
Weight unit w/ 2 EC sensors plus case	18 kg
Size unit w/o case (WxHxD)	43 cm x 29 cm x 15 cm
Size incl. Case (WxHxD)	52 cm x 51 cm x 30 cm
Material of Housing of protection bag	Aluminium / TPU Nylon
Degree of protection of instrument only of instrument plus protection bag	IP20 IP42

13.7. Technical data Acid Dosing Unit APE

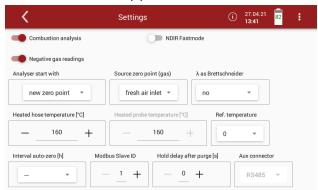|	
Operating temperature	+5°C … +40 °C
Rel. Humidity, non-condensing	90%
Storage Temperature	-20 °C …. +50 °C
Power supply #12788	207 …- 253Vac / 47…53Hz / 15W
Power supply #12788US	99 … 140 Vac / 47…63Hz / 15W
Weight	2,5 kg
Size (WxHxD)	32x12,5x17cm
Housing Material	PC
IP degree of protection	IP42

14   Options

14.1. Activate NDIR-Fastmode function

The analyser is designed as an emission measuring device for long-term measurements at stationary sources. The measuring accuracy required by EN15267-4 is achieved by the analyser.
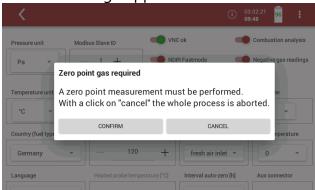
For time-resolved observation of rapid concentration changes, the analyser can be set to a different operating mode, "Fast Mode", which achieves significantly shorter response times. The analyser is not approved in this operating mode; in particular, higher short-term drift values are to be expected than in the standard operating mode.

Switching between standard mode and fast mode requires a new zero point to be taken each time. It should be noted that both operating states have their own set of adjustment factors for the measuring channels. This means that after switching to Fast mode, the unit should be calibrated again with test gas to achieve optimum measurement accuracy, even if the unit has already been calibrated in Standard mode.

► Open the menu Settings.

☞ See also Chapter 5.1 Open menu Settings, Page 27.

► Press Device settings.

⇨ A window appears.
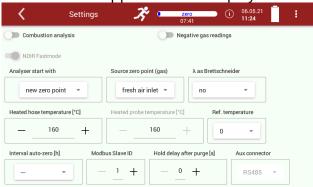
► Activate the NDIR Fastmode.

⇨ A message appears.

► Confirm the message.

⇨ A zero point measurement is performed.

⇨ An icon appears in the display.

After the zero point measurement the NDIR-Fastmode is activated.

14.2. Gas flow measurement

With the option Gas flow measurement further measured values are available:

- v-flow
- Flow rate

Connect analyser to Pitot tube

The following sketch shows an example of the connection of the analyser to a Pitot tube with thermocouple.

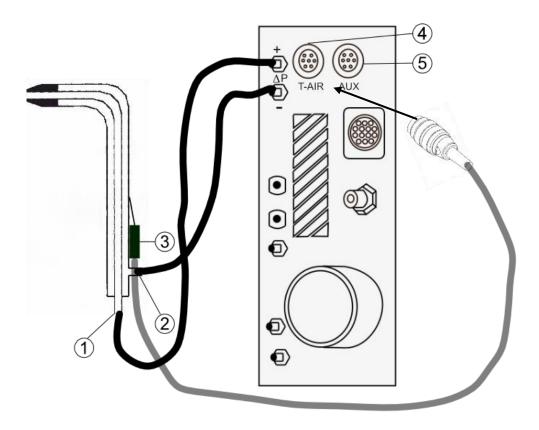| Position	Description
1	Connection total pressure
2	Connection static pressure
3	Thermocouple
4	Connection T-AIR
5	Connection AUX

NOTE

Note that the connection options differ depending on whether an optional APE acid dosing unit is used or not.

Connection without acid dosing unit APE

If no optional acid dosing unit APE is used, you can use either the connection T-AIR or the connection AUX

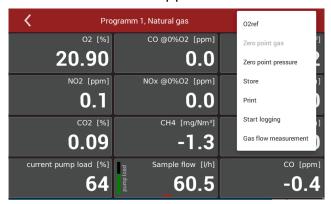**Connection with acid dosing unit APE**

If an optional acid dosing unit APE is used, you can only use the connection T-AIR (T-air).

☞ See also Chapter Connect analyser to Pitot tube, Page 117.

Parameter for gas flow measurement

► Touch the menu Measure.
   ⇨ The measurement window appears.
► Touch the "Context menu" (19).
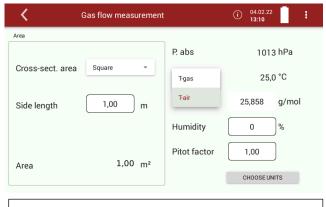   ⇨ A selection list appears.

► Touch „Gas flow measurement".
   ⇨ A setting window appears.
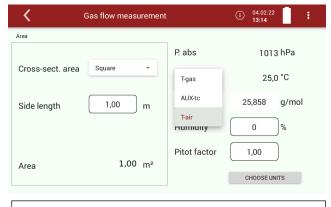
	NOTE
	Note that the setting window differs depending on whether an optional acid dosing unit APE is used or not.

Setting window with acid dosing unit APE	Setting window without acid dosing unit APE
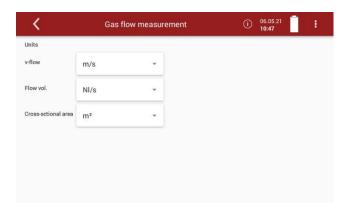
► Change the desired parameters.

NOTE

You have the following options for measuring the temperature:

- Via the probe (T-gas)
- Via the connection T-AIR (T-air)
- Via the connection AUX (AUX-tc). Can only be used without acid dosing unit APE.
  ☞ See also chapter 117Connect analyser to Pitot tube, Page 117.

► Touch „CHOOSE UNITS".
  ⇨ A setting window appears.

► Change the desired unit.
► Go back.
  ⇨ The change will be saved

14.3. Operating the analyser in the extended temperature range

With the option "Operation at extended temperature range" you can carry out measurements up to -15° C.

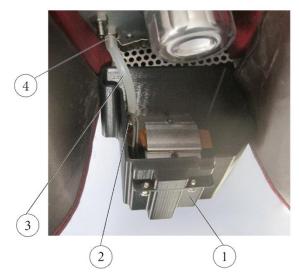|	**NOTE**
ℹ️	Note that measurements with a connected Acid Dosing Unit APE are not recommended because phosphoric acid can freeze at low temperatures.

With the option "Operation at extended temperature range" the screw filter and the condensate drain are heated with a heating box.
The heating box is supplied with an external power supply unit.

Precautions for use in the extended temperature range

► Ensure to switch on the analyser at a temperature of +5°C or higher, as the analyser cannot defrost itself.
► Ensure that T-air at low temperatures is always is plugged in so that the heater can work properly.
► Ensure to close all vents in the transport bag during measurement.

Connecting heating box

► Insert the connection hose into the condensate outlet in the heating box (2).
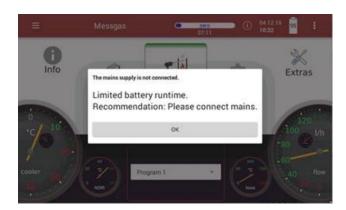► Insert the connecting hose into the condensate outlet on the analyser (4).

1	Heating box	2	Condensate outlet in Heating box
3	Connection hose	4	Condensate outlet on the analyser

14.4. Operating analyser with Nickel -Metal-Hybrid (NiHM)-Battery

► Please note that the following information is only relevant for you if an optional NiHM-Battery is installed in your analyser.

The NiHM-Battery is mounted in the analyser instead of a LiIon-Battery.

The optional NiHM-Battery is intended for air travel, because the Regulations for the transport of LiIon-Battery during air travel can often be problematic.
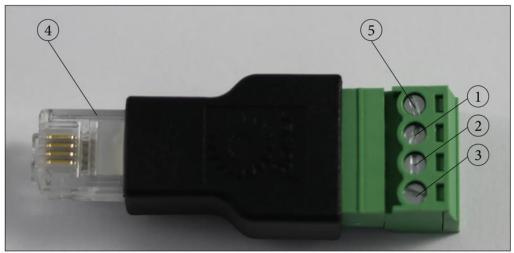
► Note that the NiHM-Battery is not intended for measurement operation, as only a limited Battery life is available.
► Measure only with a connected power supply.
  Note that the analyser can be used for about 30 minutes in battery mode.
► Use the analyser in battery mode only for short measuring point changes. Furthermore, short power failures can be bridged by battery mode.
► The analyser displays a message if no power supply is connected.

⇨ The message appears 45 seconds after switching on.
⇨ The message appears after 90 seconds if the power supply unit is removed during operation.

14.5. RS485 Extern

RS485 interface with modbus RTU protocol for far distance data transfer over cable.

Electrical connections:

1 = A+

2 = B-

3 = GND

4 = Connector to RS485 port (option)

5 = Not used

NOTE: one twisted pair of shielded cable is user scope

Port settings:

Baud Rate: 19200

Data bits: 8

Parity: Even

Stop bits: 1

Slave ID: 1

Modbus slave specification:

- The analysers are able to work as modbus slave using modbus over RS485
- data types (used in table below):

  A ASCII characters

  U 16 bit unsigned integer value (0...65535)

  I 16 bit signed integer value (-32768...32767)

  UL 32 bit unsigned integer value (0...4.294.967.295)

  L 32 bit signed integer value (-2.147.483.648...2.147.483.647)

  F 32 bit floating point value (reads -1E38, when not available)-

Further information about the defined registers on demand (www.mru.eu) and on the device supplied USB stick!

14.6. Screw adapter onto HPI-Probe

With the adapter you have the possibility to use heated probe tubes from other manufacturers.
The adapter is available in 3/8-inch and 3/4-inch sizes.
When screwing the adapter onto the HPI probe, pay attention to the size of your probe tube.

► Screw the adapter onto the HPI probe.
► Screw your probe tube onto the adapter.

15 Appendix

15.1. Error diagnosis regarding the measuring instrument

Fault indication	Possible causes	Repair
Gas cooler is faulty! The system will shut down.	Gas cooler faulty.	Contact MRU service department.
Undervoltage!!! The System will shut down	Battery is discharged.	Connect instrument to power grid.
Power consumption too high Please check heated hose!	Please check heated sample line.	Heated sample line may be damaged. Disconnect the instrument from power grid and visually inspect the sample line. Take care to unroll the heated sample line before operating it.
Please wait – pump is off Warm up has not been completed yet.	Measurement not started as instrument is in warm-up phase.	Wait until warm up phase has terminated.
Flow monitoring! Flow rate too low! Please check filter.	The sample gas flow has fallen below the required limit. Filter or sample line may be clogged. Gas pump may be faulty Flow sensor may be defect.	Check sample line and all filters on dust or water. Replace filters.
Gas cooler is drying out.	Typically occurs when dry test gas or dry ambient air is measured over a longer period of time (several minutes) instead of flue gas. Can only occur during operation without acid injection.	Use a test gas humidifier. Use acid injection.

15.2. Condensate alarm

A condensate alarm occurs as soon as water is detected in the gas duct. In this case, the measurement can be implausible.

A condensate alarm that has occurred can be eliminated in a two-step process.

After a condensate alarm occurs, the analyser attempts to remedy the problem independently by means of a "condensate self-help" and to switch back to measuring mode

If the "condensate self-help" was not successful and there is still waterin the gas duct, you must start a drying of the gas duct manually.

Condensate self help

With "condensate self-help" you do not have to actively initiate any steps. The measuring analyser carries out the "condensate self-help" in-dependently.

As soon as water is detected in the gas duct, the analyser displays a message.

⇨ The "Condensate self-help" is performed.
⇨ As soon as the "Condensate self-help" has been successfully completed, a message appears.

⇨ A zero point measurement is started automatically.

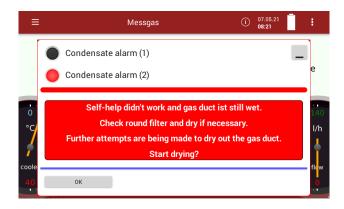You can display the start and end of the "Condensate self-test

► Press

⇨ A window appears.

Start drying manually

If the "condensate self-help" was not successful and there is still waterin the gas duct, you must start a drying of the gas duct manually.
A corresponding message is displayed and an acoustic signal sounds.

⚠ CAUTION

Acid from the condensate

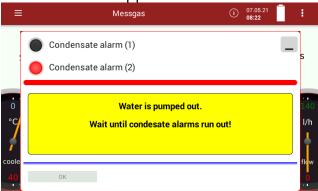Acid burns may result from weakly acidic liquids from the condensate.

► If you come into contact with acid, wash the area immediately using a lot of water.
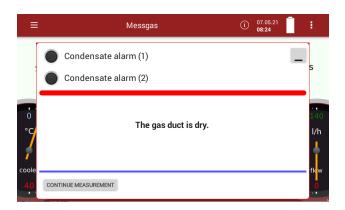
► Note the safety data sheet for phosphoric acid (10%).

NOTE

► Dispose of acidic condensate and phosphoric acid in accordance with national and, if necessary, local disposal guidelines.

►Remove the round filter.

►Dry the round filter, if necessary.

►Press OK.

⇨ A window appears

►If necessary, repeat the procedure if another message is displayed.

⇨ A message appears, as soon as gas duct is dry again

►Press CONTINUE MEASUREMENT.

⇨ A zero point measurement is started automatically.

15.3. Switching off the analyser in case error

If the touch screen does not respond, you have two options for switching off the analyser:

► Touch the ⏻ button during flashing LED for 30 sec. minimum
► After change to continuous lighting, release the ⏻ button

⇨ The instrument will switching off with reset.

Alternatively, you can switch off the analyser as follows:
► Press the reset button on the right side of the analyser.

☞ See also the illustration in 3.4 Connectors, Page 14.

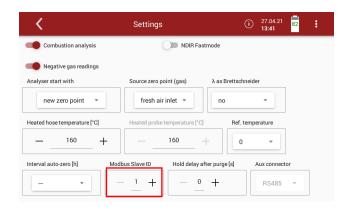### 15.4. Connecting analyser with MRU4win

The analyser is a Modbus device.

► You can connect Modbus devices with MRU4win via a serial interface (RS 485).

☞ See also chapter 14.5RS485 Extern, Page.123.

► You can connect Modbus devices to MRU4win via a TCP/IP connection.

⇨ The TCP/IP connection can be made by LAN or WLAN.

Connecting analyser with MRU4win via serial interface (RS 485).

► Connect the electrical connections of the RS485 interface as described in Chapter 14.5RS485 Extern, Page123..
► Connect the analyser to your PC via the RS485 interface.
► Open the Menu Device settings.

☞ See also Chapter 5.4 Device settings, Page 29.

► Set "Modbus Slave ID" to 1.
Please note that the Modbus slave ID is a consecutive number.
If the number 1 is already assigned, assign "Modbus Slave ID" 2 etc. to the analyser.

► You can now create the analyser in MRU4win.

☞ See also Chapter Creating analyser in MRU4win, Page 131.

Connecting analyser with MRU4win via TCP/IP connection

Before you can connect the analyser with MRU4win via a TCP/IP connection, you have to read out the IP address in the analyser.

► Connect the analyser to the network.

⇨ The connection can be made via LAN or WLAN.
☞ See also chapter 5.11 Connecting analyser with WIFI (WLAN), Page 46.

► Press the "Context menu" (19).

⇨ A selection list appears.
► Press "Display settings".

⇨ An overview screen appears.
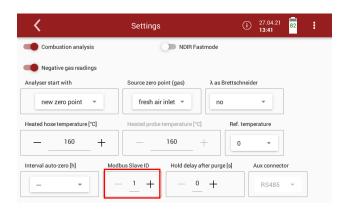⇨ In the top line, the IP address of the analyser is displayed.
In this example the LAN address is 192.168.44.38.

► Switch to the Settings menu.
► Set "Modbus Slave ID" to 1.
Please note that the Modbus slave ID is a consecutive number.
If the number 1 is already assigned, assign "Modbus Slave ID" 2 etc. to the analyser.
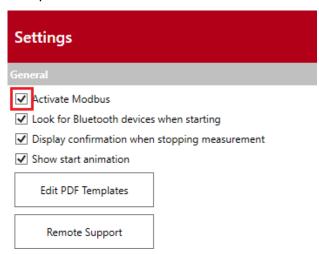
► You can now create the analyser in MRU4win.

☞ See also Chapter Creating analyser in MRU4win, Page 131.

Creating analyser in MRU4win

Modbus devices are not automatically identified in MRU4win.
Before you can connect the analyser with MRU4win, you have to create a Modbus device.
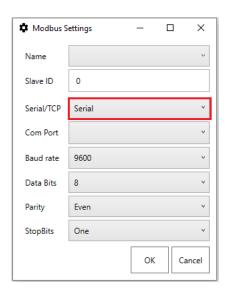
► Open MRU4win.

► Set under "General" a check mark at "Activate Modbus".
► Click "Create Modbus Device".

⇨ A window appears.

► You can connect the analyser with MRU4win via a serial interface or via a TCP/IP connection.
► Select the desired connection type under " Serial/TCP".
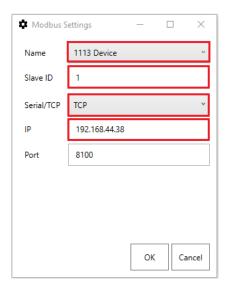If you select the connection type "TCP", the input window changes.

► Choose "Name"

⇨ A selection list appears.

► Choose "1113 Device".

► Set "Slave ID" to 1.

► Note that the slave ID must match to the "Modbus Slave ID" of the analyser. For example, if the analyser has the "Modbus Slave ID" 2, the "Slave ID" in MRU4win must be set to 2.

► If necessary, enter your IP address, if you want to set up a TCP/IP connection.
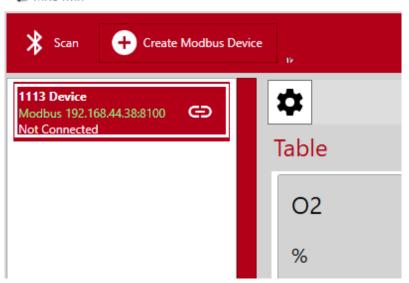In this example the LAN address is 192.168.44.38.

☞ See Example in Chapter Connecting analyser with MRU4win via TCP/IP connection, Page 130.

► Click "OK".

► Go to Livemeasurements.

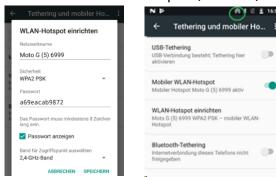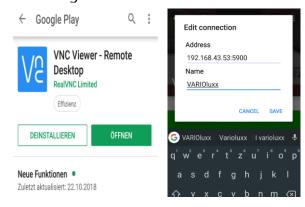⇨ The analyser appears in the column of available analysers.

► Click on the "Connect-Icon"

⇨ The analyser is connected.

15.5. Remote control of the analyser device via VNC

► Activate WLAN-Hotspot (android)

► Install VNC viewer
► Configure VNC viewer

► Connect to device
► Activate VNC on analyser

► Use remote control via Android device

	NOTE
ℹ	Please note that due to the increased computing power, the CPU temperature will increase. If the temperature should become too high, the VNC server switches off automatically.

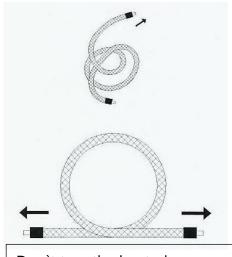### 15.6. General Instructions for the heated hose line

For the save operation of the sample line it is important that it is installed correctly. This includes the following points:

- The bending radius as given below is maintained,
- The entire heated hose line is rolled out before put into operation,
- Both ends of the heated hose line are connected correctly,
- For thermal and mechanical reasons, it shall be supported by a
- cable duct along the line,
- The heated hose line shall be supported close to the analyser cabinet and probe housing, for example by using a separate stilt,
- There are no extreme temperature variations along the line, as the line's temperature is regulated

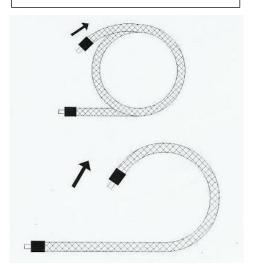**Unrolling the heated hose line**

A wrong and careless use of the heated hose line may cause damage. Especially on very long heated hose lines the right unpacking and rolling out is important.

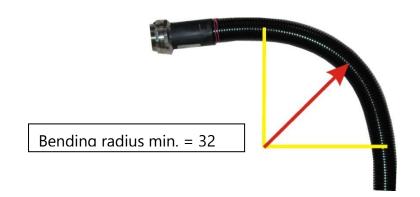| Wrong	Right
Don`t tear the heated sampling line out. -> Cause sharp kink.	Roll the heated hose line smooth out.

Bending radius of heated sampling lines

The picture below shows the minimal bending radius.

Bending radius min. = 32

	ATTENTION
🛇	Falling below the bending radius will reduce life time of the sampling probe.

15.7. CxHy Calculation

The calculation for CxHy is:

- if CH_4 and C_3H_8 are present: CxHy = CH_4 + C_3H_8.
- if only one HC - channel is available, CxHy is equal to it.

15.8. Spare parts

Part number	Spare part
56879A	PTFE Round filter
61158	Probe filter sintered metal 2 µm
61157	Probe filter sintered metal 20 µm
10825	Mineral wool filter element
59799	O-Ring 16 x 1,5
61066	O-Ring 12 x 2
61333	O-Ring 10 x 2
60074	O-Ring 8 x 2

16 Declaration of conformity

EU-Konformitätserklärung
Declaration of conformity

CE

MRU Messgeräte für Rauchgase und Umweltschutz GmbH

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Land / *country:*	Deutschland / *Germany*

Produkt/Product

Bezeichnung / *designation:*	Gasanalysator
	Gas analyser
Produktname / *name:*	**MGA***prime*
Funktion / *function:*	Gasanalyse / g*as analysis*

Hiermit erklären wir, dass das oben beschriebene Produkt allen einschlägigen Bestimmungen entspricht, es erfüllt die Anforderungen der nachfolgend genannten Richtlinien und Normen:

We declare the conformity of the product with the applicable regulations listed below:

- EMV-Richtlinie / *EMV-directive* 2014/30/EU

- Niederspannungsrichtlinie / *low voltage directive* 2014/35/EU

- RoHS-Richtlinie / *RoHS directive* 2011/65/EU (RoHS II))

Neckarsulm, 16.04.2018

Erwin Hintz, Geschäftsführer / *Managing Director*